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THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....JANUARY 25, 1894.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

The widow of William Makepeace Thackeray died last Thursday at her home at Leigh, Lancashire, England, aged 75.

Ours is not the only country whose revenue was less last year than the year before. Russia fell behind about $10,000,000, and before the end of January we shall hear similar reports from every country in Europe.

Governor Flower and other prominent New Yorkers, with the well known Burgesses Corps, of Albany, as an escort, will spend February 2nd in Raleigh. Governor Carr will give a reception at the executive mansion to the distinguished visitors.

Thomas H. Carter has resigned as Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Republican National Committee and Joseph H. Manly, of Maine was elected to the vacancy. This does not, of course displace Mr. Carter as Chairman of the National Committee.

During the civil war in this country, says the Wilmington Review, from 1861 to 1865, the Union ordnance department served out to the army 7,882 cannon, 4,022,000 rifles, 2,360,000 equipments for foot and horse, 12,000 tons of powder, 49,000 tons of shot and 1,022,000,000 cartridges.

Edward W. Highhouse, at present stopping at a New York hotel, is making several large fees by showing to physicians, students and others the pulsations of his heart by way of a large opening in the left side of his chest, through which the pulsations can be plainly seen, the hole being the result of a surgical operation for an abcess of the pleural cavity.

The Supreme Court of Iowa, has decided that the owner of a dog is responsible for damages for injuries caused by the barking of a dog. A dog barked suddenly and viciously at a horse ridden on the public highway. The rider of the horse was, in consequence, thrown and injured, and suing for damages, recovered from the owner of the dog. This judgment the Supreme Court of Iowa affirms.

Dr. R. G. Gatling, North Carolina's eminent inventor, was in Washington last week attending the Inventor's Convention. The Washington Post says of him: "He thinks that the recent development in rapid fire guns are to be met in the future with still greater advances, and that all tend in the direction of peace. The next European war will probably be the last, as the enormous destructive forces which will be let loose will sicken the world with war and armies will refuse to fight.

It may not be generally known to our farmer friends, says the Charlotte Democrat, that they are entitled to the bulletins issued by the State Agricultural Experiment Station, but such is the fact. Write your name and address plainly on a postal card and ask them to put you on their mailing list. Their bulletins contain much valuable information on the raising of various crops and ought to be in the hands of every progressive farmer. Address "N. C. Agricultural Experiment Station, Raleigh," and you will receive their publications when issued.

The grape vine at Hampton Court, England, says an exchange, famed as the largest in existence, bore last year 1200 bunches of grapes, which, as usual, were sent to the Queen. The great vine usually bears upward of 1500 bunches. At the beginning of each season it has from 3000 to 4000 bunches, but vigorous pruning is resorted to in order that the strength of the vine may not be impaired. This may be the largest grape vine in England, says the Washington Gazette, but not in existence. We have one on Roanoke Island that covers an acre of ground and yields annually between four and five hundred bushels of fine grapes.

In the little tilt between Hoar and Mills, says the Wilmington Messenger, the latter made a good reply to the man from Massachusetts when he told him that "there was a time when the people of Massachusetts were as rebellious against the Government as the people of Texas." This was good because it was true. In Sullivan's "Men of the Revolution," a Massachusetts work published in the forties, you will find much correspondence published between certain prominent leaders, of say from 1804 to 1807, in which the secession of New England from the American Union was the favored theme. It is apparent from reading the book that about that time there was a very strong "rebellious" spirit uppermost in the minds of the leaders of popular opinion.

Alluding to the fact that the war cost the South $5,000,000,000, the Atlanta Constitution remarks that in the last decade alone, the product of Southern industries equaled this vast sum, and it says: Last year our manufactured products were worth $700,000,000. Our manufacturing establishments in the past ten years have increased from 34,000 to 62,000, and their capital has increased from $180,000,000 to $600,000,000. Last year, in spite of the hard times, 2,251 new industries were started in the South. This industrial revolution, says the Constitution, is worthy of a separate and a red letter chapter in our history, and it is impossible to devote a moment's thought to these facts and figures without jumping to the conclusion that a section with such an unparalleled record will make a showing at the coming Cotton States and International Exposition that will excite the wondering admiration of the outside world.

The South is very rich in valuable lumber. It is the heaviest wooded section, says the Wilmington Messenger, of the Union or indeed of the globe. The people had a great fortune but knew it not. Enormous tracts have been sold cheap to Northern speculators. The lumber industry has increased at a tremendous pace. The Chattanooga Tradesman says: "The proportions to which this branch of manufactures has attained may be inferred from the fact that the number of saw and planing mills grew in the period from 1880 to 1892 from 8,000 to 14,000, capital engaged from $25,000,000 to $90,000,000, laborers from 42,000 to 142,000, value of products from $38,000,000 annually to $117,000,000, and the value of all forest products from $52,000,000 to $158,000,000. It is estimated that there are 800,000,000,000 feet of lumber, worth $10,000,000,000 at present prices, now standing in the South, embracing about seventy-five varieties of valuable woods."

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

At the railroad crossing at Chester, S. C., a freight train on the Georgia, Carolina and Northern railroad crashed into a passenger train on the Richmond and Danville, demolishing a sleeping car. No one was killed and only five persons were injured. ——At Valley Park, Mo., a negro was lynched for criminally assaulting a white girl and a colored woman. ——Secretary Carlisle issued a call for proposals to purchase $50,000,000 gold bonds. ——The Senate has rejected the nomination of ex-President Harrison's brother to be surveyor of customs at Kansas City, Mo. ——At Christ church, Raleigh, last week William E. Shipp, Tenth United States cavalry, and Miss Margaret Busbee were married. ——A bill has been introduced in the Virginia Senate providing for the sale of the Richmond and Danville railroad and its reorganization. ——The Duval club issued another statement announcing that the Mitchell-Corbett fight will certainly take place on the 25th, and that in case of an emergency they can easily handle 6,000 people. It is said the Duval club has purchased a circus tent that will accommodate 6,000 people and will attempt to pull off the fight under it in the woods at some place which is kept secret. ——Martail law has been proclaimed in two Sicilian towns. ——The fine arts building of the World's Fair will have to be removed or reconstructed before it can be used as a museum. ——At Fair View, N. J., a construction train fell through a trestle, killing several workmen at work beneath the trestle. ——There will be no more free delivery postoffices established this fiscal year. ——Some one exploded a dynamite bomb inside the storm door of a Farmville, Minn., bank last week. An unexploded bomb was also found in a building in Lancaster, Pa., and Mr. John Evans, a coal operator of Salem, Ohio, found a bomb in his office Tuesday morning. The fuses of the last two had been ignited but had gone out. ——Lewis Redwine has been given clerical work in the penitentiary. ——The employes of the Bourne mill, Fall River, Mass., have received their ninth semi-annual dividend in the profits-sharing plan that has been in operation at the mill during the past three years. One family received $70 as its share of the profits for six months, and other families received from $30 to $50 each. These sums are independent of and in addition to their regular wages, which are the same as the other mills in the city. ——Dr. E. Burke Haywood, of Raleigh, is dead. ——Governor Carr authorizes the exchange of McDowell and Durham courts by Judges Shuford and Winston. ——A man named O'Brian secured money from parents of convicts in Transylvania county by telling them he can secure pardons for their sons from the Governor.—— The importation of Cuban cigarmakers into Key West, Fla., has become a diplomatic question. ——On December 19th the New York banks held $83,000,000 in gold, being more than the treasury holdings. ——The builders of the cruiser Columbia will get a premium of $300,000 for excess of speed, the vessel having made 21.69 knots an hour in the final trial. ——The channel into Charleston harbor is rapidly deepening, and soon will allow the entrance of vessels drawing twenty-three feet of water. ——Five masked men held up and robbed an express train one mile above St. Joseph, Mo. ——There are now 4,500 Odd Fellows in this State. ——. English capitalists are anxious to buy Secretary Carlisle's new bonds. ——The Philadelphia mint will coin $15,000,000 in $10 and $20 gold pieces. ——In the Cadiz section of Spain many unemployed workmen are driven by hunger to looting stores and dwellings. ——Three train robbers, who held up an Illinois Central train last September, have been sentenced to twenty years imprisonment each. ——Small-pox has broken out in the Charity hospital, New York. ——The House Committee on Elections decided the Williams-Settle contest in favor of the latter. ——The Senate has confirmed the nomination of Mr. Carter to be collector of customs for the Western district of this State. ——Governor Mitchell has instructed Sheriff Broward to find out, if possible, where the Duval club intends having the fight, as his ability to stop it depends on getting this information in time. ——It is rumored that the Brazilian Government and the Insurgents will submit to arbitration. ——The Manufacturer's Record says the improvement in business is more pronounced at the South than elsewhere. ——Duputy Collector Gibson and a posse captured two moonshiners near Lumber Bridge. They were fired upon by a party of men in ambush and were forced to release their prisoners. Mr. Gibson was wounded, but not seriously. ——Mr. Low, the new designer of the Treasury Department, has gone to work touching up the plates of the old 5 per cent. bonds and making new ones of the denomination of $50. ——Many offers of purchase of the new bonds are being received at the Treasury Department. ——Col. W. H. Yarborough, of Louisburg, has been appointed internal revenue agent with headquarters at Louisville, Ky. ——Capt. A. G Babcock, who died in Richmond last week, leaves $5,000 to each of five charitable institutions, $55,000 to relatives and the residue of a $125,000 estate to the Masonic Home. —— Governor O'Ferrall is determined to break up prize fighting in Virginia. ——Lee's birthday was appropriately observed in Richmond, Va. ——The Republicans will contest the election of Mr. Hopkins as mayor of Chicago. ——The annual meeting Friday night of the Maryland Confederate society was a notable one. Many distinguished men in both armies were present to hear Col. Marshal's lecture, Gen. Lee's surrender being the subject. —— The Knights of Labor of Philadelphia telegraphed Grand Master Workman Sovereign to apply to the Federal Supreme court for an injunction to prevent Secretary Carlisle issuing the new bonds. He has laid the matter before counsel. ——Everybody is still kept in the dark as to the plans of the Duval Athletic club about the fight and as to the Governor's plans to prevent it. ——Bets of $100 to $60 on Corbett are being offered in Jacksonville. Mitchell's friends are waiting for greater odds. ——Corbett and Mitchell are said to be in perfect condition "Bat" Masterson says that he is told that Corbett is slow, which he says settles his chances. Persons are coming in in great numbers on every train from the North, and it is predicted that a large crowd will witness the fight. ——Dun & Co. report the failures in the United States for last week at 407 against 290 last year.—— Senator Walthall resigns only his present term, which expires March 4, 1895, but not the long term beginning on that date.

Signs and Portents.

Wilmington Messenger.]

There are many ominous signs in the political skies. He who cannot discover them is either blind or has his eyes shut. The omens are to be seen Open wide the eyes and you will find cause for grave apprehension and doubt. The Democratic party united, purified, wisely led and moving out on the well known and long tried lines of public policy, is the only party that can save this country from financial ruin and socialistic upheavals. Have we the men to lead? We do not ask if we have sharp, dexterous machine manipulators. They are a curse to any party, and if left in control will hurl it into ruin. We ask if there are men—true, honest, honorable, high-minded men—who are brave for the right, and governed by lofty principles and pure aspirations and exalted ideals, who are ready to lead the people in the middle, safeway in the great impending battle against corruption, abuses, usurpations, false pretense, wrong systems of economy, wild-cat theories, impracticable schemes, vicious and immoral plans, all that degrades party, mistreaches the people, lowers the public tone and poisons the very fountains of political faith and morality and safety? Who are the men?

The regulation politician will not begin to lo. We all know, who know anything, that the politician is self-seeking and pliable. He will be hot in a campaign for all the dear dear people ask for (he can always catch the popular breeze), and will be abundant in promise. But, alas! when he gets into the place, his performances do not correspond with his declarations on the stump, and his acts are as far from the promise as possible. What Prince Hal said of Falstaff's reckoning as to the relative quantity of sack and bread would apply here. but we have not a Shakespeare at hand, and cannot recall the passage with sufficient accuracy to venture to reproduce it.

The country is now sailing on a wide, wide ocean tossed by tempests and vexed by unfriendly winds. There are dangers right ahead on the left and on the right, and he is a poor seaman who cannot see that the gallant Ship of State is in dangerous waters and rapidly approaching strong and dangerous currents. What is to be done? There can be but one answer. The men who have brought the good, staunch, noble Ship into the whirlpools are not the men to extricate it—are not the men to be trusted with the guidance and command in the future. The Republican party, with a recklessness begotten of madness and folly, have drawn the Ship of the Republic into those stormy seas, and they are not fit to command. The Democrats now in charge seem beset on every hand, and it is apparent that they are not guiding the Ship by the Democratic chart. What then is to be done?

The people have the power. They constitute this Republic and not demagogues and tricksters and betrayers and mountebanks and jugglers and machine manipulators. If the people submit their destinies to such guidance, to such control to such malign influences, they will meet with still greater disappointments and disasters.

Surely within the great constitutional party—the party of the people—there are men to be trusted—wise men, honest men, pure men, brave-hearted men, patriotic men who can be trusted in a supreme crucial hour—men with no dull axes to grind men with no selfish ends to meet—men above all price, all allurements, all evil surroundings.

A wise, noble North Carolinian—not in politics, not in office—wrote us some months ago, and we are glad we preserved his letter, in which he said this:

"It is no time with us for small men as time serving cowards. Everything points to a hand to hand struggle with the old enemy of human happiness and progress —the money power in a new phase has begun the work of gathering in the fruits of its deeply laid plans."

We know the thoughtful, good men all over North Carolina are anxiously scanning the heavens and are seeing portents and clouds that make them sad. They love their country, they love their South, they love their "native heath." They see the necessity of a change of methods in politics and this necessarily means a change of leaders. The Democratic party is the only visible means of safety and deliverance as yet. To disintegrate that party means to call in "black spirits and gray," and turn our land into a bedlam of confusion and distress. To fight *without* the one constitutional party is to prophesy defeat and to bring in the wild waves of disorder and destruction. Let our reforms come, but let all good and true men determine with a resolved will to bring these reforms within the grand old party that North Carolina may be placed upon the high moral plane of a pure ballot and economy and honesty in all departments of the Government from the lowest to the highest.

The Siamese Twins.

Maj. S. B. Erwin, of Asheville, tells the Citizen a reminiscence of Eng and Chang, the Siamese twins, occurring during their life on their farm in Wilkes county. The twins conceived a dislike for a man of the community, for some real or fancied cause, and decided to give him a whipping. But an obstacle arose in their inability to catch the man against whom their ire was aroused, as they could not run. They finally hit upon a plan of hiring a neighbor to catch the fellow for them. The instructions were carried out. The twins laid hands on their man and gave him a most severe chastising. One of the twins held the struggling victim and the other used his fists in the most scientific style, doing altogether a job of beating that thoroughly satisfied them. Chang and Eng were arrested and tried for the offence, and were prosecuted by Maj. Erwin's father. The beating cost them $24. Maj. Erwin saw the twins many times and knows much of their history after they settled on their farm.

Repairing Ocean Cables.

New Orleans Times-Democrat.

It has always been a matter of speculation and wonder to most people as to how a marine cable once broken in mid-ocean is ever got together again. The explanation is this: First, it must be known that the cable practically rests everywhere on the bottom of the sea. Of coure there are places where sudden deep valleys coming between shallow ones will cause the cable to make a span as over a ravine or gully. In other places the ocean is so deep that the cable finds its specific gravity somewhere in midwater, so to speak. In that case it rests quite as firmly as if it were on solid ground.

When a break occurs, the first step, of course, is to accurately locate its position. A conductor such as a cable offers a certain amount of obstruction or "resistance" to to the passage of an electric current. Apparatus has been devised for the measuring of this "resistance." The unit of this resistance is called an ohm. The resistance of the average cable is, roughly speaking, three ohms per nautical mile. Resistance practically ceases at the point where the conductors make considerable contact with the water. Therefore, if when measuring to locate a break it be found that the measuring apparatus indicates a resistance of 900 ohms, the position of the fault will be known to be 300 miles from shore.

With this information the captain of the repairing ship is able to determine by his charts of the course of the cable, the latitude and longitude of the spot where the break occurred and can proceed with certainty to effect the repair. When the approximate neighborhood of the break is reached a grapnel is dropped overboard and the vessel steams slowly in a course at right angles to the run of the cable. On the deck of the ship there is a machine called a dynometer, which, as its name implies, is used to measure resistance. The rope ocurring the grapnel passes under this. If the dynometer records a steady increase of strain it indicates that the grapnel has caught the cable. If, on the other hand, the resistance varies from nothing to tons and from tons to nothing again, it is known that the grapnel is only engaging rocks or other projections of an uneven bottom. It is frequently necessary to drag over such a ground several times before the cable can be secured.

Having secured the end of a parted cable, the vessel moors it to a buoy and proceeds to search for the other end. When both ends are brought together on deck the electrician holds communication with the shore on both sides to make sure that there are no other defective places and that the cable is perfect in both directions. This having been satisfactorily determined, all that remains is to splice the ends together and drop the cable once more back into the sea.

The Value of Life Insurance.

Louis Windmuller in the Independent, Jan. 1.]

Men of independent means who know how to manage their affairs need not insure their lives. They may save the expense of the administration of their money through others by investing for themselves to better advantage. Insurance is chiefly valuable:

First—To those who have moderate fixed incomes which cease when death ensues. Every such man should procure, if he can obtain it, a policy for an amount large enough to provide after his decease for those who depend on him for support. When he has secured such a policy the insurance company becomes at once a compulsory savings bank for him.

Second—To persons who are in a business which is not absolutely safe. Statistics of mercantile agencies show that 90 per cent. of the men who engage in these pursuits fail at one period or another. A policy in favor of the wife of a bankrupt cannot be seized by creditors of an unfortunate husband. It often is the only asset which can lawfully save his family from absolute run.

Third—A numerous class would derive greater benefits from insurance than either of the foregoing if it could be made available to them. I refer to the mass of laboring men who earn just enough to pay their way, and whose families are reduced to starvation when accidents prevent them from providing for them any longer. In Germany, Bismarck has succeeded in getting laws passed by which every employer is forced to insure his employe against this eventually, both sharing in the expense thereof. That the measure is unpopular there is probably due to the fact that it is compulsory. Two of our great railroad companies, the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore and Ohio, have adopted a similar system. They insure the employes who desire it against disability by disease or death, deducting a small portion of the wages to pay for the premium. The men who avail themselves of this privileges appear to be grateful to their employers for granting it, and remain faithful to them. Conditions more liberal than can be obtained outside make the system attractive. If it could be more generally introduced by large corporations employing a number of men, it would become the means of forming a closer alliance between capital and labor.

The Saxon days of the week were Saturn's day, presided over by Saturn; Sun's day, by the sun; Moon's day, by the moon; Tiu's day, by Mars; Woden's day, by Mercury; Thor's day, by Jupiter; and Friya's day, by Venus.

Though it is 14 years off, it has already been suggested that a celebration be made in 1907 of the three hundredth anniversary of the first English settlement in America, which was at Jamestown, Va., in 1607.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A Judgment for $5,000 Insurance on the Life of Simeon Conoley of whose Murder D. A. McDougald was Acquitted.

Wilmington Messenger.]

Pursuant to the adjournment on Monday evening, the United States Court met yesterday at 9 a. m.

THE CONOLEY MURDER INSURANCE.

In the case of Miss Margaret E. Conoley vs. the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, Judge Seymour denied the motion of the defendant Insurance Company to set aside the verdict of the jury and for a new trial. The court rendered a judgment which entitles Miss Conoley to recover $5,000 insurance on the life of her brother, Simeon Conoley, who was murdered in Robeson county on the 21st of April, 1891. The defendant will appeal.

The jury in the above case agreed upon a verdict in all the eleven issues, with the exception of the fifth, as follows:

1. Did the plaintiff furnish the defendent with the proof of loss required by the policy?

Answer: Yes.

2. Did the defendant promise to pay the amount of the policy after the death of Simeon Conoley?

Answer: Yes; the company's agent, Lindsey, sent a letter, in evidence, promising to pay the puliey.

3. Did the defendant, at the time of such promise, have notice of any fraudulent or untrue statement by insured with respect to the age of Simeon Conoley?

Answer: No.

4. What was the age of Simeon Conoley as stated in the application?

Answer: Forty-six years.

5. What was the age of Simeon Conoley at the date of such application?

Answer: Jury cannot agree.

6. Was the policy of insurance issued on the application set forth in the answer?

Answer: Yes.

7th. Did Simeon Conoley know of the statement as to his age contained in the application as set forth in the answer?

Answer: Yes.

8th. Did he assent to the statement as to age in the application?

Answer: Yes.

9th. Did he sign the name?

Answer: Don't know.

10th. If the age of Simeon Conoley as stated in the application is incorrectly set forth therein, did Conoley know that it was incorrect?

Answer: No.

11th. Was there any understanding between Killebrew, the agent of the company, and Conoley, that the precise age of Conoley being unknown or uncertain, it should be agreed upon as "46" and that the insurance should issue as for that assumed age of Conoley, and was such understanding, if it existed, entered into in good faith between the agent of the company and Conoley?

Answer: Yes.

The Kulu Kamba.

Pall-Mall Budget.]

There are two Kulu Kambas in this country. They are at present at Liverpool, where they recently arrived from Africa with their owner, Professor R. L. Garner. One of the Kulu Kambas is a male, the other is a female. Neither of them possesses a tail. Both are in their second year, early in it, though the exact date of their birth is unknown, and both are of the same height, about twenty inches. This is their height when they stand up, though it must be understood that a Kulu Kamba never stands erect as a man does, but invariably stands with the knees wide apart and the legs bent at the knee joint. This, apparently, has always been their custom. The complexion of the two Kulu Kambas is like unto that of a mulatto, and their faces are just as impoverished so far as hair is concerned. Their bodies are covered with a short, soft coat of black hair.

The Kulu Kamba is more like a human being, according to Professor Garner, than any other animal. The principal difference between the physical organization of a human being and a gorilla, according to the same authority, is that the spine of the gorilla is not so regularly joined as that of a man, some of the joints having seemingly gone into partnership. The difference, or to put it more finely, the distinction between the chimpanzee and the Kulu Kamba is still a matter of conjecture, Professor Garner says, as he does not possess a skeleton of the Kulu Kamba. Skeletons of gorillas and chimpanzees are the same to him as a varied collections of pipes are to some men, and he expects to be just as well supplied with the inanimate remains of Kulu Kambas some day. Having been in Africa on scientific exploration bent, he naturally intends to go again. The African fever seldon leaves a man upon whom it has once taken a grip.

A gigantic swindle has just been discovered in Rome, and actors, or as many of them as could be caught, are to be put on trial at once for the one of the most original and daring pieces of roguery ever perpetrated. About two years ago, several French priests, a nun, and some other persons concocted a plan for preying on the Roman Catholic public by circulating the report that Leo XIII. was not really reigning, but was languishing in prison in the Vatican, closely guarded, while a monk who resembled him in person, ruled in his name. Money was asked to secure the release of the prisoner, and so liberal were the contributions that over 60,000 francs are known to have come in during the last two months, and it is believed that the total sum abstracted from the pockets of the credulous will exceed 1,000,000 francs. The trial of the conspirators will, it is believed, reveal some very curious facts.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Origin of Vegetables

From Good Housekeeping.

Spinach is a Persian plant.
Filberts came from Greece.
Quinces came from Corinth.
The turnip came from Rome.
The peach came from Persia.
The nasturtium came from Peru.
Horseradish is a native of England.
Melons were found originally in Asia.
Sage is a native of the South of Europe.
Sweet marjoram is a native of Portugal.
The bean is said to be a native of Egypt.
Damsons originally came from Damascus.
The pea is a native of the South of Europe.
Coriander seed came originally from the East.
The gooseberry is indigenous to Great Britain.
Ginger is a native of the East and West Indies.
Apricots are indigenous to the plains of Armenia.
The cucumber was originally a tropical vegetable.
Pears were brought from the East by the Romans.
The walnut is a native of Persia, Caucasus and China.
Capers originally grew wild in Greece and Northern Africa.
Garlic came from Sicily and the shores of the Mediterranean.
The onion was almost an object of worship with the Egyptians 2,000 years before the Christian era. It first came from India.
Asparagus was originally a wild seacoast plant of Great Britain.
Cherries were known in Asia as far back as the Seventeenth Century.
The tomato is a native of South America, and takes its name from a Portugese word.
Parsley is said to have come from Egypt, and mythology tells us it was used to adorn the head of Hercules.
Apples were originally brought from the East by the Romans. The crab apple is indigenous to Great Britain.
The cantaloupe is a native of America, and so named from a place near Rome, where it was first cultivated in Europe.
Lemons were used by the Romans to keep moths from their garments, and in the time of Pliny they were considered an excellent poison.—They are natives of Asia.

The Penitentiary Farms.

Correspondence of Charlotte Observer.

RALEIGH, Jan. 13.—Your correspondent had a talk with Superintendent Leazar, of the penitentiary, and arrived at the conclusion that Mr. Leazar is a good guesser. Last October he estimated the cotton crop on the State farms at 1,100 bales. There were made 1,191. These are large bales, and Mr. Leazar says they equal 1,300 of the ordinary kind. He not only made all the cotton he expected, but also the corn and peanuts. There are 12,500 bushels of peanuts and 50,000 bushels of corn. Of both there are more than of the 1892 crop, yet 30,000 bushels of corn were lost by the freshets. More corn will be sold this year than last, when 14,000 bushels were disposed of. Sixty-nine mules have just been placed on the Roanoke farms. These were bought in Tennessee at a cost of a little under $105 each. There are 1,000 acres in wheat and the crop looks well; in fact, Mr. Leazar has seen none better this winter. The truth is that not enough land was in cultivation on the Roanoke, and so the acreage will be increased 50 per cent. on all the crops. The penitentiary plants this year are limited to farming.

There is no better way than farming, so far as Mr. Leazar knows, of employing the negroes who compose the great mass of the convicts. They do not come in competition with industries. A question which comes up is whether it is not better to have the State farms on State lands and not on leased ones. There are vast tracts of State lands, some 90,000 acres in one body, near Core Creek. It is said these are fertile and perhaps available. Anyway they will be inspected the coming summer, and if it is found advisable to use them they can be quickly cleared and put into cultivation. It will be found that the money spent in building, repairing and rebuilding dykes on the Roanoke farms would, if expended on State lands, have opened enough to last for all time. If the State lands, are put in use 700 men could be put at work on them in a few days' time, and in a month these could put in cultivation 700 acres. Convicts work in the phosphate mines an Castle Hayne, and last year took out about 5,000 tons of phosphate.

"Love and smoke are unable to conceal themselves," and so it is with catarrh. No man suffering from this loathsome disease, can conceal the fact from the world. No matter how cultured, learned, social or brilliant he is—while his friends may be polite enough to dissemble their real feelings—his very company is loathsome. What a blessing it would be to humanity, if every person afflicted with catarrh in the head, could only know that Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy will *positively* and permanently cure the worst case. The manufacturers guarantee to cure every case or forfeit $500 The remedy is pleasant to use, and costs only 50 cents.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Bonds Offered for the People.

The following is the text of the circular which Secretary Carlisle has just issued:

"By virtue of the authority contained in the act entitled 'An act to provide for the resumption of specie payments,' approved January 14, 1875, the Secretary of the Treasury hereby offers for public subscription an issue of bonds of the United States to the amount of $50,000,000 in either registered or coupon form, in denominations of $50, and upwards, redeemable in ten years from the date of their issue, and bearing interest, payable quarterly in coin, at the rate of five per cent. per annum.

Proposals for the whole or any part of these bonds will be received at the Treasury Department, office of the Secretary, until 12 o'clock noon of the first day of February, 1894. Proposals should state the amount of bonds desired, whether registered or coupons, and the premium which the subscriber proposes to pay, the place where it is desired that the bonds shall be delivered, and the office, whether that of the Treasurer of the United States or an Assistant Treasurer of the United States, where it will be most convenient for the subscriber to deposit the amount of his subscription. Failure to specify the above particulars may cause the proposal to be rejected.

As soon as practicable, after the 1st day of February, 1894, the allotment of bonds will be made to the highest bidders therefor but no proposal will be considered at a lower price than 117,223, which is the equivalent of a 3 per cent. bond at par, and the right to reject, and all proposals is hereby expressly reserved. In case the bids entitled to allotment exceed the bonds to be isued, they will be alloted pro rata. Notice of the date of delivery of the bonds will be sent to the subscribers to whom allotments are made as soon as practicable, and within ten days from the date of such notice, subscriptions must be paid in United States gold coin to the Treasurer or such Assistant Treasurer of the United States as the subscriber has designated, and if not so paid the proposal may be rejected.

The bonds will be dated February 1, 1894, and when payment is made therefor, as above, accrued interest on both principal and premium from Feb, 1, 1894, to date of payment, at rate of interest realized to the subscribed on his investment, will be added. All proposals should be addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, D. C., and should be distinctly marked, "Proposals, for subscription."

(Signed) J. G. CARLISLE, Sec'y.

Harnett was a Mason.

Editor Messenger:

It may interest some of your readers to read the following:

I stated in my recent address before the Grand Lodge that while, (owing to the loss of the records during the Revolution), there was no conclusive proof that Harnett, Hooper and the other prominent Revolutionary characters of the Cape Fear were Masons, it was morally certain that they were. I have since been furnished with the proof as to Harnett by J. M. Grizzard, Esq., of Halifax, who found it in an old book of Royal White Hart Lodge at Halifax, in the following order:

"At a Free Mason Lodge held at Marsh Swamp, in Halifax county, the 1st day of November in the fourth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Third By the Grace of God of Great Brittain France and Ireland King, Defender of the Faith etc., and in the year of our Lord God 2764 (1764). By virtue of a Letter of Authority obtained *from Cornelius Harnett, Grand Master of the Lodge at Wilmington*," etc., etc. (The italics are mine.)

It is an interesting object of inquiry how much and what sort of connection existed between the Committees of Safety in the Province and the Lodges then established.

A. M. WAI-DELL.

Jan. 16, 1894.

An Awful Tradegy!

Thousands of lives have been sacrificed, thousands of homes made desolate by the fatal mistake of the "old-school" physicians, still persisted in by some, notwithstanding the light thrown upon the subject by modern research, that Consumption is incurable. It is not. Consumption is a scrofulous disease of the lungs, and any remedy which strikes right at the seat of the complaint must and *will* cure it. Such a remedy is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is a certain specific for all scrofulous complaints. It was never known to fail if given a fair trial, and that is why the manufacturers sell it under a *positive guarantee* that if it does not benefit or cure, the money paid for it will be refunded. The only lung remedy possessed of such remarkable curative properties as to warrant its makers in selling it *on trial!*

Pale Faces

show Depleted Blood, poor nourishment, everything bad. They are signs of Anæmia.

Scott's Emulsion

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil, with hypophosphites, enriches the blood, purifies the skin, cures Anæmia, builds up the system. *Physicians*, the world over, endorse it.

Don't be deceived by Substitutes!

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists.

HE COMMITTED SUICIDE!

The Cause and Its Lesson.

Why did he commit suicide? Oh! for the same reason that thousands of others are on the verge of the same sin, or in immediate danger of insanity, paralysis, idiocy, or some other equally unfortunate result of any nervous affection. He knew he was afflicted with a nervous disorder, but was careless, apparently indifferent to the outcome; or he may have lessened his chances for recovery by treating with physicians who had little or no knowledge of such affections, or by deluging himself with worthless so-called remedies. His case was a sad one, but no worse than that of any other nervous sufferer, who has nervous or sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, irritability, melancholy, failing memory, hot flashes, fainting, sleeplessness, nervous dyspepsia, sexual debility, epilepsy, etc. The same or similar consequences are likely to result to any one who has any of these advance symptoms of an awful end. Do not hesitate in getting rid of them by intelligent treatment. Dr. Franklin Miles, the celebrated specialist, has studied nervous diseases over 20 years, and has discovered the only reliable remedy for them Thousands of voluntary testimonials prove the virtues of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.

Alonzo Barker, of Clinton, N. Y., writes: "I was so afflicted with extreme nervousness that I was on the verge of insanity. My hands trembled so that I could scarcely feed myself. I used twelve bottles of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, and was cured. It is with pleasure I recommend this wonderful remedy for nervous troubles."

"I had been a great sufferer from chronic headache until I began, about four months ago, to use Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Pills, since which time I have not had a headache. Several of my friends are using Dr. Miles' Remedies, and find them, as I did, to be more than you claim for them."—Mrs. Mary Kister, Los Angeles, Cal.

W. H. Capwell, editor Tribune, Plymouth, Pa., writes: "My wife was cured of sick headache of many years' standing by the use of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. She has recommended it to her friends, and they all praise it highly."

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee, or sent direct by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, $1 per bottle, six bottles for $5, express prepaid. It is positively free from opiates or dangerous drugs. Dr. Miles' Pills, 50 doses, 25 cents. Free book at druggists, or by mail.

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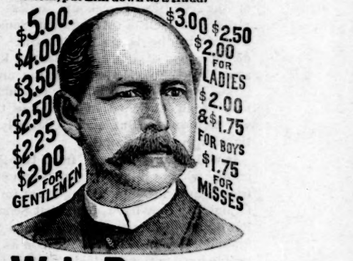

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THE OBSERVER.

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., JAN. 25 1894.

THE COMING CAMPAIGN.

We reprint to-day a couple of articles from the Wilmington Messenger of the 23d instant, for which we invite the careful consideration of our readers.

The Messenger quotes, in its leading editorial entitled "Can This be So?" the statement of its Raleigh correspondent (writing under date of January 18) that it was said in Raleigh that "Senator Ransoms's political existence depends upon Mr. Simmons's getting through." Our contemporary makes some very pointed comments upon this extraordinary statement, and concludes its article by the crushing inquiry "*Who* is going to bolt" from the Democratic party on account of Mr. Simmons's rejection by the Senate? It is understood that the correspondent referred to speaks in Mr. Simmons's interest. Mr. Simmons would not admit, we imagine, that the Democratic party should be governed in its policy by any other than party grounds—that is, public, party grounds, as opposed to the private interests, or aspirations, of individuals. That being so, and it following as a matter of course that Mr. Simmons's friends would not bolt from the party if the party endorsed Mr. Simmons, the irresistible conclusion from the statement made by Mr. Simmons's friends that the opposition to him is injuring the Democratic party, is that *they* will bolt unless the anti-Simmons Democrats yield.

Since Senator Ransom offended the rank and file of the Democracy by taking sides with Mr. Settle in voting for the unconditional repeal of the purchase clause of the Sherman bill, it is said that he will be no longer acceptable to the people of North Carolina as one of their representatives in the Senate. The OBSERVER does not say this. We only repeat what we understand to be the prevalent opinion. We hear it said, for instance, on all sides in this section of the State, that no man can be elected to the Legislature from any of the counties hereabouts unless he pledges himself to vote against Senator Ransom in the Democratic caucus. We do not know, of course, that Senator Ransom desires re-election, and the much talked of test for Legislative candidates may be an anticipation of trouble that will not exist. But such, evidently, is the temper of the people.

It will readily be seen from the foregoing what a blunder Mr. Simmons's friends have made in giving it out in the formal way they have done that Senator Ransom's re-election depends upon Mr. Simmons's confirmation. As soon as the people have gotten "outside" of this proposition, they will say to themselves "Hello, if Simmons's confirmation means Ransom's re-election, we'll smash Simmons to make sure of Ransom's defeat."

Remember, we are only suggesting what will inevitably be the attitude of the people on this question if it be true, as asserted so generally, that a majority of them are opposed to Senator Ransom.

As all the members of Congress from this State (save Mr. Settle, who is a Republican, and Mr. Bunn, who "straddled") obeyed the mandate of the people and followed Senator Vance on the silver question, so we think they will do on the Simmons question, notwithstanding the assertion of the Raleigh correpondent of the Charlotte Observer (the same, we believe, as the Messenger's correspondent) as follows:

"It is said * * that the Congressmen from this State (save of course, Settle) are for Simmons. These Congressmen did not bring any pressure to bear in the Elias matter, but stood "hands off." It is said their attitude in the Simmons case will be different and that they will let it be understood that they want him confirmed."

This was written on the 18th instant, just after the news reached Raleigh that Vance had left his sick room to attend that meeting of the Finance committee at which he secured a favorable report for Carter and the further holding up of Simmons. But, instead of taking the action against the Senator which the Simmons propaganda predicted, we find "the Congressmen from this State" leaving their seats in the House and calling in a body (an unusual proceeding) upon Senator and Mrs. Vance at the latter's reception before her and her husband's starting for Florida.

The other article copied from the Messenger, entitled "The Power that Lies in Union," outlines the only policy by which the Democracy can hope to recover its supremacy in North Carolina, viz: the united action of the rank and file nnder leaders upon whom no taint of treachery rests.

In short, it may be stated as a postulate, that, inasmuch as the revolt of the farmers last year was a revolt against the "machine" of which Mr. Simmons is the embodiment, and against the "machine" methods which he illustrated at Clinton—it may be stated as a postulate, we say, that the only chance for the Democracy to recover its supremacy in North Carolina is by its following Vance in his opposition to that which caused it to lose its supremacy. In other words, the offending member must be cut off, and the offending member happens to be Mr. Simmons, the betrayer of party trusts.

Only thus is there a chance for the Democracy in North Carolina; for Mr. Simmons's leadership left us 14,000 *in the minority last year.*

VANCE VERSUS SIMMONS.

CURIOUS, ISN'T IT?

A Raleigh telegram of the 23d, in yesterday's Wilmington Messenger, is as follows:

Much interest is felt in the case of Collector F. M. Simmons, whose nomination remains unacted upon by the Senate Finance committee. It is reported that charges affecting the character of Mr. Simmons have been filed, but he to-day authorizes the statement that Senator Vance has told him that no such charges have been filed, and that he has no information of any such charges. Why he is hung up is unexplained, and the non-action of the Finance committee is not comprehended. Collector Simmons declares his ability to meet any charges that might be made.

The natural inference from the above is thus epitomized in the Messenger's Telegraphic Summary:

Senator Vance tells Collector Simmons that no charges have been filed against him with the Senate Finance committee.

Perhaps Mr. Simmons, since he has begun to talk again, may be induced to tell the correspondent *when* Senator Vance said what Mr. Simmons says he said. Let us hear. There is no meaning in what Mr. Simmons says unless he means that Senator Vance now tells him so. Otherwise, Mr. Simmons's statement was intended to deceive and has deceived—the news editor of the Messenger, for example.

GENERAL BATTLE AND MR. SIMMONS.

Nothing would grieve the OBSERVER, or its editor, more than to say anything that would wound the feelings or in anywise offend its venerable friend, the editor of the Newbern Journal. The latter complains of certain expressions in an article in the last issue of the OBSERVER as appearing to be intended for himself. On the contrary, if he will refer to the article, he will find that we attributed the offensive statement criticized in the OBSERVER to Mr. Simmons, and expressly exonerated the editor of the Journal. And we now understand from General Battle that we were entirely right in assuming that Mr. Simmons was responsible for the statement made in his behalf in the Journal, offensive to Senator Vance, and which the OBSERVER was authorized to characterize in the particular words used by it.

We reciprocate entirely General Battle's friendly sentiments, and will certainly attend the Newbern Fair if possible.

By the way, if our friend will allow us, we don't think any editor (himself included) should be deterred from denouncing wrong-doing on the part of the public servants of the people by the fear that a portion of the public may misconstrue his motives That is always the case. The smashers of the Tweed Ring were denounced—until they won. Vance was denounced for opposing Elias—until he won. We smaller fry must take our chances—until we win.

A BAD WAY TO WIN FRIENDS.

Mr. Simmons appears to have lost his head again. He ought to keep under cover. He always gets hurt when he emerges from his bushes.

Here is what his Raleigh friend says in Tuesday's Charlotte Observer under date of the 22nd:

Feeling against Senator Vance, for the course he is pursuing in regard to the matter of Simmons' confirmation, is deepening daily. There is some plain talking done. It is heard here on all sides. The Senator will be quite sure to hear something drop, and that very hard, if he tries to keep up his present methods.

Again: in Tuesday's Wilmington Messenger, under the same date:

There is a great deal of bitter feeling, prominent Democrats here say very frankly, against Senator Vance, for his continued fight against Mr. Simmons' confirmation. They make no bones of saying that it is the worst step the Senator ever attempted to take.

Again: the Newbern Journal of the 21st is authorized by Mr. Simmons to say:

"Senator Vance has given Mr. Simmons the fullest assurance of his friendship[!!]. * * In a recent conversation with Capt. Carter, Senator Vance said 'I am not opposing Mr. Simmons [afterwards corrected to, 'I am not obstructing Mr. Simmons's confirmation.'] I have made no charges against him, and his confirmation is certain.'"

Again: one of the correspondents has suggested that Senator Vance expected the Simmons matter to be taken up and Mr. Simmons confirmed while he (the Senator) was out of sight in Florida! Dodging like that accords with *Vance's* character and record, doesn't it!

Level headed people will think that Mr. Simmons does not advance himself in the now all powerful Senator's estimation by this continual imputation of bad faith and deception to one of the most straightforward of men, and by the threats and bulldozing utterances, above quoted from Mr. Simmons's Raleigh friend, aimed at one of the most fearless of men.

Evidently the Collector has lost his head, again.

Charges Against Mr. Simmons.

Raleigh News and Observer, Jan. 24, 1894.]

A late number of the Fayetteville Observer states that charges affecting the honor of Hon. F. M. Simmons had been filed with the finance committee of the United States Senate. Mr. Simmons' attention having been called to this statement, he says: "If any charges affecting my character in any respect have been filed with the committee I have not been informed of it, and Senator Vance, who is a member of the committee, has told me that no such charges had been preferred, and would have notified me if such were the case. Mr. Hale has shown a bitterness toward me which is inexplicable. * *

[Note on the above.—The statement referred to as made by the OBSERVER (of January 18th) was made by authority—due authority. It is important for the public to know *when* Senator Vance made the statement to Mr. Simmons alleged by Mr. Simmons to have been made. What the public would also like to know, is how it comes about that Mr. Simmons is "hung up" by the Finance committee, a majority of whose members are Democrats, *if*, as Mr. Simmons says in the Newbern Journal, Senator Vance is his friend? The personal part of the above quotation is amusing in view of Mr. Simmons's Harrity letter.]

CURRENT COMMENT.

In the discussion of the Wilson Tariff bill in Committee of the Whole House on Tuesday, the amendment of Mr. Warner, Democrat, of New York, was adopted, placing all sugar, raw and refined, on the free list and abolishing the bounty. That is free sugar, sure enough.

All who are troubled with Constipation will find a safe, sure, and speedy relief in Ayer's Pills. Unlike most other cathartics, these pills strengthen the stomach, liver, and bowels, and restore the organs to normal and regular action.

Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured many afflicted with rheumatism, and we urge all who suffer from this disease to give this medicine a trial.

Washington Letter.

From Our Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22, 1894.

Chairman Wilson has surprised some people by the adroitness he has displayed in piloting his tariff bill through the amendment rocks. He has run aground but once—when the House voted down an amendment endorsed by the Ways and Means committee, proposing to postpone until next fall the time for the free wool clause of the bill to take effect and adopted one making that clause go into effect upon the passage of the bill. This week the hardest fighting will be done. Attempts will be made to drop the sugar bounty, substituting a tax on sugar, also to drop the bounty, leaving sugar free. Attempts will also be made to put iron and coal on the dutiable list, and to make the income tax an amendment to the tariff bill. All of these changes are opposed by the Ways and Means committee, and chairman Wilson is confident that none of them will be made, although several of his colleagues on the committee are in doubt as to the sugar clause and the income tax amendment. It is understood that the republican vote will be cast solidly for the income tax amendment, not because they favor it, but because they believe its adoption will weaken the entire bill in the Senate. The republicans in the House are not voting on their convictions just now, but to develop democratic dissention.

Senator Morgan gave ex Minister Stevens, who at last found time between his alleged bad health and his lecture engagements to appear before the Senate committee on Foreign Relations and give his testimony, a most rigid cross-examination concerning his conduct while U. S. Minister to Hawaii, and brought out the acknowledgement that Mr. Stevens was from the first a rabid annexationist, and that he wrote those much talked about letters to Mr. Blaine, asking instructions in case of the overthrow of the queen, with the full expectation that such an event would take place during his term of office, just as Mr. Blount's report charged him with having done. Under ordinary circumstances the impudent and insulting letters written by President Dole of the provisional government to Minister Willis would arouse great public indignation, but what could be expected when publications in prominent United States papers are considered.

That Mrs. Cleveland has not lost any of her immense popularity with the people was shown by the large attendance at her first public reception, held at the White House Satuday afternoon. There were more people who desired to pay their respects to her than attended the crushes at the public receptions held by her when she was a bride, and she received them just as graciously as she did when the whole tiresome business was an enjoyable novelty to her.

A member of the cabinet who was asked what he thought of the adverse criticism publicly made by democrats in Congress of the proposed bond issue, said: "I grant the right of free speech which I demand for myself to every man, but I must say that these criticisms would have come with better grace had the men who indulge in them shown any real disposition to prevent the issue of bonds in the only practical manner—by providing the money that they knew as well as Secretary Carlisle did the Treasury must have if it would escape defaulting in the payment of its obligations, in some other way. The administration did not wish to issue bonds, and only decided to do so when it became apparent that Congress would not afford immediate relief, and after becoming fully satisfied of its legal right to do so under the law of 1875." It is not believed here that either of the several resolutions that have been introduced in the Senate concerning this issue of bonds will be passed, or that the passage of either of them or of Representative Bailey's resolution by the House would affect the matter in either way. The offers for the $50,000,000 bonds to be issued have gone away up in the hundreds of millions, and the premiums offered will make the interest equivalent to 2½ per cent. or lower.

Much regret is felt in the Senate at Senator Walthall's resignation, and the hope is expressed on all sides that his health will improve sufficiently for him to resume his seat at the beginning of the next term, to which he has already been elected.

The Power that Lies in Union.

Wilmington Messenger.]

It would be difficult to find in the history of nations, an example of the dominancy of the people. In all ancient history, so far as we can recall, there is scarcely, an example of the people's supremacy for any great length of time. In Roman history we believe there is but one example—that of Marius—in which for a little while, as leader of the masses, he was supreme. The money power has been a dominating power in all countries, including the Seven. Ancient Monarchies, as well as all modern kingdoms. In this country, through the result of war and bad conduct of politicians, the unwisdom of statesmen and the controlling influence of demagogues, the money power has been able to get complete possession, Plutocracy is the bane of any Republic, is the curse of any free people. There can be no greater tyranny than Plutocratic rule. A people who are placed under the imperial rule of such power for evil, can never regain their liberties and their rights without a tremendous conflict. The only possible, peaceable redress they can find is in unity, in a hearty, resolute uniting of strength. To accomplish the great end of deliverance they must be wisely led, they must be bravely led, they must be honestly led. A people without union of strength, working out on wise and judicious lines, can never secure emancipation, from the thraldom of the money power. Left to themselves, without wise, judicious, strong leadership, they will be sure to adopt improper, impracticable, absurd measures, and to drive off from their support, the best leaders and wisest men who would contribute so much to the success of their cause. Give the people—noble, high-minded people—true, courageous leaders, and then by a resolved will and a pertinacious endeavor they can wrench from the plutocratic combination that power which has been wielded for the injury and the enthralment of the great masses. It is wholly essential, therefore, that the people should understand that in union there is strength and in wisdom there is victory. By harmonious action, being wisely led, they can perpetuate in this land the greatest boon of the centuries—a Constitutional Government with due limitations and regulated by law. They can achieve such a triumph as shall bring deliverance even to unborn generations and secure for them the same liberties which our forefathers enjoyed and which are our own inheritance. "United we stand; divided we fall."

Can it Be So?

Wilmington Messenger.]

The statement made by the Raleigh correspondent of the Messenger in Friday's issue, about Mr. Simmons and the Senators from North Carolina is very remarkable. This is what the correspondent says: "There is a great deal of talk here about Senator Vance's opposition to the confirmation of Collector Simmons, and it is also said that Senator Ransom's political existence depends upon Mr. Simmons' getting through. It is positively said that while the North Carolina Congressmen kept hands off in the Elias matter, they all desire Mr. Simmons confirmed and will plainly show it."

Was there ever such importance attached to the failure or success of an applicant for office in this State before this announcement? Is the "political existence" of anybody, much less a Senator, dependent upon Mr. Simmons's getting an office? If so, Mr. Simmons is a bigger man than we supposed, and is unquestionably the most important political personage in the State. Surely those who talked to the correspondent cannot be friends of Senator Ransom. They certainly would not place the Senator in so humiliating an attitude as that of dependence for his political existence on Mr. Simmons, if they were his friends, and yet they seem to criticize Senator Vance for opposing the confirmation of Simmons. But what is the meaning of such a statement by whomsoever made. Of course it can have but one meaning, and that is that if Simmons is not confirmed as revenue collector he will not control the appointments in Eastern North Carolina—in other words, the machine—and that with the loss of Simmons and the machine "the political existence" of Senator Ransom will end! Such talk, if by friends of Ransom, is confessing a great deal, and if not by friends is giving to Simmons a position ridiculously exaggerated. No man, not even President Cleveland, is bigger than the Democratic party. Who is going to bolt from the Democratic ranks if Mr. Simmons is not confirmed and for that reason? We would like to know.

The Income Tax Bill.

A Washington dispatch of the 22d says: The income tax bill, as approved by the Democratic members of the ways and means committee, was laid before the full committee at this morning's meeting. It was read in part, but the committee adjourned before the reading was finished.

The bill provides a tax of 2 per cent. upon all incomes of citizens of the United States, either at home or abroad, from any kind of property, rents, interest, dividends or salaries, on all amounts over and above $4,000. The bill goes into effect January 1st, 1895.

In estimating the incomes there shall be included notes, bonds and other securities except such United States bonds as are exempt from federal taxation. Tax is laid on profits realized within the year from sales of real estate purchased within the year or within two years previous to the year for which the income is estimated, also on sales of live stock and farm products generally. In addition to the $4,000 exemption, all national, State and county taxes paid within the year, losses sustained during the year from fires, shipwreck and other causes not covered by insurance and compensated for and worthless to be deducted.

Every person having an income exceeding $3,500 shall make return to the deputy collector of his district of the amount of his income.

The tax shall be collected on or before the first day of each July and an additional tax of 5 per cent shall be laid on payment after that date, and interest at the rate of 1 per cent a month upon the amount of the tax.

Section 11 relates to corporations. It requires them to make return before the 10th day of the month following the declaration of dividends, under oath by the principal officer.

Section 12 requires corporations to furnish, beginning 1895, on or before the first Monday of each year, a statement, showing net profits above $4,000, interest, annuities and dividends and amount paid for salaries of employes above and below $4,000.

Section 14 levies taxes upon corporation dividends, interest, coupons and annuities wherever and whenever payable, to all parties whatsoever said corporation may deduct or retain from all payments made on account of such dividends, etc., a proportionate share of tax so paid.

The bill provides for tax of 2 cents per pack on playing cards, and on and after second calendar month after the passage of the act, on all distilled spirits produced in the United States on which a tax is not paid before that day. A tax of $1 per proof gallon to be paid by possessor on or before the removal of from warehouse within eight years from date of original entry for deposit in any distillery or bonded warehouse except in cases of withdrawal without payment of tax as now authorized by law.

The most important detail of the bill is the method provided for the levy and collection of taxes. It is made obligatory on all persons receiving individual incomes of over $3,500, to make a return to the local collector of internal revenue. These returns are gone over by the revenue collector and a taxable list is made up of those whose incomes exceed $4,000. No tax is levied on those making a return of above $3,500 and under $4,000, but the committeee deemed in expedient to leave this margin of $500 below the exemption point in order that the returns might be sure to show all who are subject to the tax

In case a person having an income of over $3,500 fails to make a return, it becomes the duty of the revenue assessor to make inquiry as to the amount of the persons income. If this examination discloses that the income is above $4,000 the income is subjected to twice the ordinary tax under the law, and the party failing to make his return is deemed guilty of a crimina' offence and is made subject to a fine and imprisonment.

The main purpose in framing the above provisions has been to avoid an inquisitorial operation of the law. The committee believes that it will do away with the necessity of having assessors pry into the private business of people unless the latter have a taxable income and try to evade the law. It is estimated that not more than 85,000 persons will be subject to this tax, so that a great majority of citizens will not have to make returns.

Provision is also made by which no information can be made public as to the details of the income reported by the citizens. If such details become public it might injure the credit of a firm or individual. For that reason any public or private person who divulges any part of this information concerning incomes is made subject to criminal prosecution, with heavy fine and penalty. This provision is in line with the English law of 1857. Prior to that time the British income tax was very unpopular, because it made public the details of private business. But after the law of 1857 was passed there was little further objection to the tax.

The F. I. L. I. Arms Movement a Success.

It is already evident that the movement to secure an equipment of arms for the Independent Company will be more than successful. A number of gentlemen have subscribed, each one gun, others in cash. The following letter from our highly esteemed former townsman, Major Guthrie, is an example of the spirit that animates the contributors, a list of whose names will be published next week:

DURHAM, N. C., Jan'y 20, 1894.

Major E. J. Hale, Fayetteville, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—I note in this week's OBSERVER (the local items of which always interest me as being a letter from *home*) that organized effort is about to be made to properly arm the sixty-one members of the Fayetteville Light Infantry Company. Not intending to intrude myself officially upon any plan the committee may agree on to accomplish the laudable end in view; but as a small token of my individual respect and appreciation of the Fayetteville boys, I would esteem it a second privilege, as well as my duty as a former citizen of Fayetteville, where I spent so many happy years, to be allowed by the committee to contribute the price of one of the guns now needed by the company.

When I again visit my old home I hope to see the soldier boys of Fayetteville armed with the best and latest improved arms, feeling assured that whatever arms they bear, and whatever uniform they wear, they know (as their ancestors taught them for a century back) how to use the one, and not to disgrace the other.

Very respectfully,

W. A. GUTHRIE.

It is probably not the coldest weather you ever knew in your life; but that is how you feel just now, because past sufferings are soon forgotten, and because your blood needs the enriching, invigorating influence of Ayer's Sarsaparilla—the Superior Medicine.

Magnetic Nervine quiets the nerves, drives away bad dreams, and gives quiet rest and peaceful sleep. Sold at King Bros.

Why undergo terrible sufferings and endanger your life when you can be cured by Japanese Pile Cure; guaranteed by King Bros.

FOR DYSPEPSIA,
Indigestion, and Stomach Disorders, take
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
All dealers keep it, $1 per bottle. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

Itching, burning, scaly and scrusty scalps of infants cleansed and healed, and quiet sleep restored by Johnson's Oriental Soap. Sold at King Bros.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, headache and pains of every kind instantly relieved by Johnson's Magnetic Oil. Sold by King Bros.

For Malaria, Liver Trouble, or Indigestion, use BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Bucklen's Arnica Salve,
The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.
For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Son, Fayetteville, N. C.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

2,224,672.

These figures represent the number of bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which were sold in the United States from March '91 to March, '92. Two Million, Two Hundred and Twenty-Eight Thousand, Six Hundred and Seventy-Two bottles sold in one year, and each and every bottle was sold on a positive guarantee that money would be refunded if satisfactory results did not follow its use. The secret of its success is plain. It never disappoints and can always be depended on as the very best remedy for Coughs, Colds, etc. Price 50c. and $1.00. At B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store.

Strength and Health.

If you are not feeling strong and healthy, try Electric Bitters. If "La Grippe" has left you weak and weary, use Electric Bitters. This remedy acts directly on Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, gently aiding these organs to perform their functions. If you are afflicted with Sick Headache, you will find speedy and permanent relief by taking Electric Bitters. One trial will convince you that this is the remedy you need. Large bottles only 50c. at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Buy the CELEBRATED KIMBALL PIANO endorsed by Adilina Patti and others.
Buy the OLD RELIABLE KIMBALL ORGAN. Over one hundred and forty-five thousand made and sold.
W. FRANK BLOUNT,
Agent for W. W. Kimball Co.
Corresponding Offices, { Fayetteville, N. C. / Hope Mills, N. C.
Fine Piano TUNING a specialty.

New Garden Seed
AT SEDBERRY'S.

"The Atlantic Pharmacy"
opposite the Short Cut Depot will save you Haymount people a long walk.

Fresh Seed at "The Atlantic" Pharmacy near Short Cut Depot.

"Sedberry" does not sell "old" GARDEN SEED.

Fresh Garden Seed
AT SEDBERRY'S.

Call and see the "Artistic SEED HOUSE AT SEDBERRY'S.

FOR SALE.—A case, complete, of *Humphrey's Specific Homeopathic Remedies.* Address "Specifics," care of the Observer.

The finest Green and Black Teas can be had at McDuffie's Drug Store. One trial will convince you.

MERCURIAL

Mr. J. C. Jones, of Fulton, Ark., says: "About ten years ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison. Leading physicians prescribed medicine after medicine, which I took without any relief. I also tried mercurial and potash remedies, with unsuccessful results, but which brought on an attack of mercurial rheumatism that made my life one of agony. After suffering four years I gave up all remedies and commenced using S. S. S. After taking several bottles, I was entirely cured and able to resume work. S. S. S. is the greatest medicine for blood poisoning to-day on the market."

RHEUMATISM

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Begin the New Year

BY SUBSCRIBING FOR SOME MAGAZINE OR ILLUSTRATED PAPER

—AT—

Pemberton's Book House.

Fulton Yeast Cake

Will surprise you with their Lightness and Sweetness. One trial will make you a customer for life. Bread made from the FULTON YEAST CAKE will keep longer and be sweeter than from any other Yeast on the market. The Yeast will keep in hot or cold weather for months.

FOR SALE BY GROCERIES GENERALLY.

E. M. PRIOR, Agent,
1-9-93 Person Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

Large Shipment from Wilmington.

Wilmington Messenger.]

The British steamship Leander, Capt. Robeson, was cleared for Bremen, Germany, yesterday, with 10,512 bales of cotton, shipped by Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son, cotton exporters, of this city. The bales averaged 475.66 pounds and the total weight of the cargo was 5,000,196 pounds, which means that the cargo averaged 2,648.40 pounds per ton of the vessel's burthen. This is the largest cargo of cotton ever taken out of this port by any ship, and the average per ton is larger than was ever loaded in an American port.

The largest cargo taken out of Wilmington previous to this was also taken out by the Leander last October. She then carried 10,062 bales, also shipped by Messrs. Sprunt & Son. Her cargo this time exceeds that by 430 bales.

Mid-Winter Concert at Salem—A Fayetteville Young Lady Complimented.

Special correspondence of the Observer.]

SALEM, N. C., Jan 23.—The Salem Female College, the oldest educational institution in the South, gave its annual Mid-Winter Concert on Wednesday and Thursday evenings of last week. This being the most important winter musical event in North Carolina, it attracted crowded houses each night. The programme was varied and interesting, and consisted of recitations, vocal and instrumental music. Every selection was admirably rendered and heartily encored. The young ladies taking part represented many Southern States. There were three hundred voices in the grand chorus. Prominent among the soloists and performers was Miss Brown, of Fayetteville.

J. H. Thompson, of the Third National Bank, New York, writes: "I jumped from a railroad car and sprained my knee very badly. After trying the best remedies without relief, and expecting to be confined to the house for weeks, a friend suggested Pond's Extract. It will sound incredible to people who have had bad sprains, but I walked, without pain, to business next day, a distance of over a mile. The effect was truly magical."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Fayetteville Cotton and Naval Stores Market.

Good Middling firm	7 14
Middling	7¾
Strict Low Middling	7 6¼
Low Middling	6¼

Turpentine, $1.00 to $2.00 per barrel
NAVAL STORES.—Spirits 25½ cents
Rosin firm at 75 to 80c.

Paper Shell Pecans!

For Profit, Delicious Nuts.

Beautiful Quick Growing Symmetrical Trees for Shade.

I SELL THE

Genuine Texas Paper Shell Nut Trees

AS FOLLOWS:

THREE FOR $1.00; TWELVE FOR $3.00; OR 20 EACH BY 100 OR MORE.

Nurserymen ask $1.00 each for same. Prepaid by Express on receipt of price. Send for large circular giving full discription. These trees bear in six years and raise fortunes annually if set out in groves. Address

J. L. ANDERS, Seedsman,
1-25-94 4t Ivanhoe, N. C.

A Bargain in Fine Wool Blankets.

Under the inspiration of a *mild winter*
ROSE & LEAK
HAVE DETERMINED TO OFFER THE BALANCE OF THOSE

Beautiful Home-Made Blankets at $3.50 A PAIR.

THEY HAVE BEEN PRONOUNCED CHEAP AT $5.00 A PAIR.
1-18-94 2t

Fat Mackerel,
Choice Codfish,
Sugar Cured Hams,
Good Flour,
Buckwheat,
STRAIGHT AND PREPARED.
Raisins,
Figs,
Nuts,

and, knowing the value of money, these goods are all for sale for that commodity at live and let live prices.

REMEMBER 3-lb. TOMATOES
TEN CENTS EACH C. O. D.
A. S. HUSKE, Ag't.
1-25-94

∴ Two Papers for One's Price ∴

By special arrangement with the

Atlanta Weekly Constitution,

We are enabled to offer it, with THE OBSERVER, for ONE YEAR for $2.00, subscriptions to be sent to this office, and accompanied by cash.

LIBERAL PRIZE OFFERS.

Every subscriber to this remarkable clubbing proposition is entitled to enter TWO PRIZE CONTESTS, sending his guesses for

The $1,000 Cotton Crop Contest,

in which there are FOUR PRIZES offered for the nearest estimates of the size of the cotton crop of 1893-'4, now being marketed, and award to be made as soon as the New Orleans Cotton Exchange announces the official crop figures, $400 IN GOLD for nearest guess to the crop, $200 prize for second, $200 prize for third, $100 for fourth, $100 for fifth.

Crops for recent years have been as follows:

Year.	Bales.	Year.	Bales.
1877,	4,485,423	1885,	5,669,021
1878,	4,811,265	1886,	6,550,215
1879,	5,073,531	1887,	6,513,634
1880,	5,757,397	1888,	7,017,7 7
1881,	6,589,329	1889,	6,935,982
1882,	5,435,845	1890,	7,313,726
1883,	6,992,234	1891,	8,655,518
1884,	5,714,052	1c92,	6,70[illegible],365

In addition to the above every clubbing subscriber can enter our combination

Missing Word Contest.

Supply the missing word in the following sentence:

"In society the all absorbing topic in England during the quarter was the Prince of Wales and the.....affair."

ONE-FOURTH of the net subscription receipts of those entering this contest will be divided among those who supply the correct word in the blank in the above sentence. Thus, if there are 60,000, one-fourth would be $1,200. If ten supply the correct word each would receive $125, if 1 0, each $12.50, &c.

Both of the above contests free and in addition to TWO PAPERS for the price of one.

The Weekly Constitution has a circulation of 156,000, and is The People's Paper. It favors Tariff Reform, an Individual Income Tax, and the Expansion of the Currency to a degree sufficient to meet the legitimate business demands of the country.

It covers the news of the world every week, having news correspondents in all the news centres of the world.

Take your home paper and the Constitution.

TWO FOR ONE.
Both for $2.00.

Scientific (HOME CURE). Simple (FOR DISEASE). Safe (WITHOUT MEDICINE). Sure.

Electropoise. TRADE MARK.

"Cures when all else fails."

Testimony of Mr. W. G. BOYD, NEW BERN, N. C.

"I began the use of the Electropoise in September last, discarded medicine entirely, and am now much improved in health. Am under lasting obligations for the good it has done me."

WRITE US.

We send all information and testimonials FREE.

ATLANTIC ELECTROPOISE CO.,
78 Washington, D. C.

USE POND'S EXTRACT

FOR PILES BURNS SORE EYES WOUNDS SORES Headache AND ALL PAIN

Have the early frosts or too late a lingering by the garden gate again aroused that RHEUMATISM so peacefully slumbering the summer long? Well, if it's very bad you must change your diet and perhaps take some distasteful drug—the doctor will tell you what—but first rub thoroughly the part afflicted with POND'S EXTRACT, then wrap it warmly with flannel, and the rheumatism may wholly disappear. It will certainly be much relieved. Now that you have the POND'S EXTRACT try it for any of the many things its buff wrapper mentions. It's a wonderful curative. But don't accept substitutes.

FOR COLDS CUTS BRUISES SPRAINS SORE THROAT Catarrh AND AFTER SHAVING

POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

January 1, 1894.

Notice of Consolidation.

—THE TWO FIRMS OF—

R. M. Nimocks and Q. K. Nimocks & Co.,

HAVE THIS DAY BEEN COSOLIDATED UNDER THE FIRM NAME OF

NIMOCKS BROS.

THE BUSINESS OF THE NEW FIRM WILL HEREAFTER BE CONDUCTED

-No. 10 Hay Street,

in the store lately occupied by R. M. Nimocks.

WE SHALL CONTINUE TO DO A

Wholesale and Retail Grocery Business,

AMD SHALL ENDEAVOR TO WIN YOUR FAVORS FOR THE NEW FIRM

ALONG THE SAME LINES OF JUST DEALINGS AND LOW PRICES

THAT HAVE CHARACTERIZED THE OLD.

Extending our hearty thanks for all past favors; and bespeaking your continued patronage for the future,

We are respectfully,

NIMOCKS BROS.

L. M. A.

"It does improve a boy wonderfully to go to the L. M. A."

The expression quoted above may be heard every day from parents who have sons attending the

LaFayette Military Academy,

and we would advise all who have boys to educate to familiarize themselves with the merits of this school before deciding which one to patronize.

If you wish your boy to acquire a good English education—such an education as every one needs, send him to the L. M. A.; if you desire to give him a practical and comprehensive business education, you can find no better Commercial School in the country; and if you contemplate giving him a regular University course, our Preparatory Department will thoroughly qualify him for entrance into any of the highest institutions of learning.

The Spring Term commences on the eighteenth day of January, but students may enter at any time, and several have intimated their intention of coming on the first of the month.

For "Annual Announcement" and School Journal, containing full particulars respecting the School,

Address
Maj. J. W. YERBY, Supt.,
12—21—93 FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

DO YOU KNOW
THAT McMILLAN KEEPS JUST AS GOOD
GROCERIES,
BOTH STAPLE AND FANCY AS ANYBODY?
ARE YOU AWARE
That he sells them at a close margin, gets rid of them rapidly, which enables him to keep
Fresh Goods at all Times?
WELL IT'S A FACT
If you have your interests at heart you'll call and examine his prices.
Beautiful Tea and Dinner Sets.
Beautiful line of Vases.
Toilet Glass Water Sets.
Table Water Sets and Hanging Lamps.
D. A. McMILLAN,
11—23—93 FAYETTEVILLE.

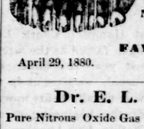
Opera Lights
IS THE NEW HIGH CLASS
CIGARETTE
OF THE
National Tobacco and Cigarette Company.
IT IS THE BEST
Cigarette in Fayetteville.
CALL AND TRY IT.
A. J. COOK & CO.,
DRUGGISTS.
11—30—93 tf

McDuffie's Chill Cure is guaranteed—it positively stops chills, or you get your money back. Price 50c.

FOR SALE.—A bargain in an Odell Type Writer, good as new. Apply or write to the OBSERVER.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. L. HUNTER, D. D. S. THOMAS M. HUNTER, D. D. S.



DRS. HUNTER,
DENTISTS
Northeast Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
April 29, 1880. tf

Dr. E. L. HUNTER,
Pure Nitrous Oxide Gas administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
2—23—93 tf

Dr. J. Vance McGougan
Has located here and offers his professional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.
Office over McDuffie's Drug Store.
10—26—93 3m

J. H. MARSH, M. D. J. F. HIGHSMITH, M. D.
DRS. MARSH & HIGHSMITH
Office N. E. Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
11—10—92

S. H. MacRAE,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Office over McDuffie's Drug Store.
10—6, 92—tf

NOTICE.

The undersigned has removed his
LAW OFFICE
from the Thornton Building on Hay street, to the new office on Green street, between the Sheriff's office and the Overbaugh building.
N. A. SINCLAIR.
4—13—93

G. B. PATTERSON, D. D. S.,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

After 8 years experience devoted to his profession offers his services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country. Office up-stairs over Bank of Fayetteville. N. B. Hayes' Hypnotic used for the painless extraction of teeth.

Have You? If Not, Why Not,
Had that Watch of Yours repaired yet,
Remember that M. A. Tiller
AT MOORE'S NEW BOOK STORE,
REPAIRS WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY OF ALL KINDS,
and always giving satisfaction.
GIVE HIM A CALL WHEN IN FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

Call at my Photograph Gallery in the building formerly the office of the Gazette, on the Southeast corner of Market Square. Work in the latest style guaranteed. Call and see and learn prices before going elsewhere. Respectfully,
T. M. ROYALL,
1—11—94 3t FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE OBSERVER.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Manager.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

THURSDAY..........JANUARY 25, 1894.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Weekly one year (in advance).................$2 00
Weekly six months (in advance)............ 1 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication. Four weeks constitute a month

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

☞ The Editor of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by correspondents.

Advertising is to business what steam power is to machinery—the grand motive power.—MACAULAY.

There is but one way of obtaining business—publicity; but one way of obtaining publicity—advertising—BLACKWOOD.

78 PAPERS FOR $2.00

We do not know of a better family paper for the farmer of North Carolina than the HOME AND FARM, published at Louisville, Ky. It is a 16-page journal, comes twice a month and contains practical information and interesting reading for every man, woman and child in North Carolina. Prof. Massey writes articles for the HOME AND FARM of especial interest to North Carolinians. Give it and THE WEEKLY OBSERVER a trial at the ridiculously low sum of $2.00 per year—52 numbers of THE OBSERVER and 26 of HOME AND FARM, about one and a half cents for each paper delivered to you.

Try this combination offer.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

POLO ON SKATES.
OLLIE TORBETT CONCERT CO.
TWO PAPERS FOR ONE'S PRICE.
J. L. ANDERS—Paper Shell Pecans.
MISS JANIE EDWARDS—Art Studies.
MARY J. SOLMS.—Executor's Notice.
A. S. HUSKE, Ag't—Fat Mackerel, &c.
WOMAN'S WORK, PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM, &c.—4th page.
MRS. FANNIE MORROW—Vocal and Instrumental Music, &c.
W FRANK BLOUNT—Kimball Piano, Kimball Organ—see Special.

There is an unusually large and orderly crowd in attendance upon court.

Sheriff Smith settled with the State Treasurer Thursday, paying $7,808.

There will be a Polo game on roller skates at the F. I. L. I. armory Tuesday night week.

Mrs. Brenizer will sing Shubert's Serenade with violin obligata by Miss Ollie Torbett, at the Ollie Torbett Concert next Monday night.

The following lawyers are in attendance upon Cumberland County Superior Court this week: Col. T. M. Argo and R. H. Battle, Raleigh, Messrs. F. P. Jones, J. A. Farmer and Hon. D. H. McLean, Dunn.

Tuesday morning about one o'clock two large St. Bernard dogs owned by two gentlemen in this city attacked, killed and partly devoured a valuable Jersey heifer belonging to Capt. A. B. Williams.

We have information that the public road between Wm. McPhail's and S. A. Bain's on the Fayetteville and Goldsboro Road is in bad condition and needs the care of the supervisor.

Miss Janie Edwards, whose advertisement appears elsewhere in these columns, studied Art in Washington, D. C., and at the Metropolitan Art School, New York. She has, also, had considerable experience in teaching Art in all its departments.

We Offer

The OBSERVER and the Atlanta Constitution one year for $2.00; the OBSERVER and the New York Times one year $2.25; and the OBSERVER and Home and Farm one year $2.00. Cash to accompany subscriptions in every case.

McLean—McDougald.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Mr. D. B. McLean of Robeson county to Miss McDougald, at the residence of Capt. Jas. Phillips in this city, on the 31st inst. Mr. McLean is a nephew of the editor of the Robesonian.

Reading Club.

The regular semi-monthly meeting of the Reading Club will be held this evening, at 7:30 o'clock sharp, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Bidgood. The President particularly urges a full attendance of members, as the quarterly election of officers is to take place.

We have been shown, by Mr. Breece, some specimens of seed peacans and Japanese walnuts. While this variety of walnut is apparently hardy and the meat in it delicious, its shell is very thick, containing comparatively little kernel. So we venture to say that the peacan is superior in value to the walnut from a commercial standpoint.

Fatal Boiler Explosion in Moore.

Particulars have just reached here of a horrible accident at Broadway, Moore county. A boiler exploded in the saw mill of Mr. N. A. Underwood, last Wednesday Week, inflicting such severe wounds upon Mr. Underwood that he died the following Monday, and seriously injuring Mr. Duncan Hicks, his assistant.

Old Friends.

Some familiar faces seen upon our streets during the past week, are: Messrs. D. M. Campbell, Aberdeen; R. F. Devane, Red Springs; Wm. Prior, Moss Neck; J. K. McLeod, Gillisville; N. F. Holmes, Beaver Creek; D. A. McPhail, Hope Mills, and L. D. Cavness, Sherwood. By the way, we were sorry to find Mr. Cavness still a sufferer from the effects of a stroke of paralysis some months ago.

St John's Church.

The Vestry of St. John's Church has decided to extend a call to fill temporarily their vacant Rectorship until a permanent Rector is selected. We learn that a call has been extended to a popular and talented clergyman near Boston, who sometimes spends his winters South. It is hoped that the services of this most excellent gentleman can be secured, and that St. John's will not much longer be without a permanent Rector.

The North State Improvement Company—The Bank of Fayetteville.

The North State Improvement Company, composed of prominent citizens of this city, of Greensboro, and other places, owns what may be called the "equity," over and above the bonded indebtedness of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway. On Monday our people were startled upon receipt of the information contained in the following dispatch:

MOUNT AIRY, N. C., Jan. 20.—Upon application of the United Brethren of Salem and vicinity, which is a corporation and benevolent organization at Salem, N. C., and a large creditor of the defendant, His Honor, Judge Graves at chambers to-day in Mt. Airy, appointed John W. Fries, of Salem, reciever of the estate and assets of The North State Improvement company. Messrs. Watson and Buxton, of Winston, were present representing the plantiff; and Dr. W. A. Lash, vice-president, Dr. D. W. C. Benlow, director, of Greensboro, and Geo. M. Rose, Esq., attorney, of Fayetteville, represented the defendant. The motion for the appointment of a receiver was argued before Judge Graves last night.

It is understood that this action was precipitated by rumors coming to the ears of the plantiff of suits threatened against the North State Improvement company in other parts of the State, the consequent sacrificing of its assets by execution and sale on judgments if rendered, and a fear on the part of the Salem corporation that the interests of creditors would be jeopardized by such suits. The plantiffs, therefore, then moved for the appointment of a receiver to prevent any one creditor from obtaining undue advantage over others and sacrificing the property of the company pending the sale of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley railroad, which it is understood has been made. In view of that sale it is hoped that this appointment will be temporary and the property soon be restored to the company.

The defendant in its answer insisted that the North State Improvement company was solvent and had assets largely in excess of its liabilities and ample to pay the same if not sacrificed.

The high character and business standing of Mr. Fries, the receiver, guarantees that the affairs of the corporation will be properly managed and the rights of all creditors fully protected. His bond was fixed at $50,000. The debt due the United Brethren is $10,000.

DR. LASH'S STATEMENT.

In respect to the above, President Lash of the C. F. & Y. V. Railway, has made the following statement to a Greensboro correspondent of the Charlotte Observer:

"The action of the United Brethren of Salem was precipitated by suits brought against the company in other parts of the State. The debt due by the North State Improvement Company accrued in the construction of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad. The amount realized from the sale of first mortgage bonds was not sufficient to meet the cost of construction, and was carried without any trouble until the panic of last summer and fall.

"Some of the creditors demanded their money during this time, and of course we could not pay it. This made them uneasy and this has culminated in the receivership. I notice a statement in the press of the State that the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad had gone into the hands of a receiver also, and that the amount of the debt owed by the North State Improvement Company was $650,000. I want to say that the total liabilities of the company are far less than this, and further that the amount owed outside of what is due to the members of the syndicate, who own and control the company, is less than $335,000. Its assets at a low valuation are worth a million and a half, and at a fair valuation properly handled will bring much more than this. The Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad Company is not in the hands of a receiver and is not affected by this receivership."

ASSETS OF THE NORTH STATE IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.

We are authorized to say that the following letter to the Wilmington Star, as slightly corrected by its correspondent next day, correctly states the condition of the North State Improvement Company:

It is a well known fact that a sale of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley road had been made to an English syndicate and that $1,000,000 was to have been paid on or about the 12th inst. The failure of said syndicate to comply with terms of the agreement as to the payment of the purchase money, and in view of the recording, or rather the obtainance of judgments against this company this week for the sum of $37,000, the appointment of a receiver for the North State Improvement Company was rendered necessary, in order that all creditors might fare alike, and that there might not be any discrimination in favor of either. The assets of this company consist of 16,668 shares of capital stock of the par value of $100 per share; $62,000 in terminal facilities in Wilmington and grounds with improvements at Fayetteville and Greensboro; $150,000 worth of rolling stock rented to the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad; $67,000 of the first mortgage bonds of the South Carolina Pacific Railroad, which is the extension from the South Carolina line to Bennettsville, S. C., and construction bonds worth at par $52,000 on road-bed west of Mt. Airy; $25,000 in the North Carolina Steel and Iron Company, Greensboro, besides $1,868,000 of consolidated bonds, making the total assets, $2,240,668. The total indebtedness of the North State Improvement Company amounts in round numbers to about $500,000. Of this sum, the directors have given their conjoint notes for about $300,000, and to secure their own interests and for the equitable protection of the Bank of Fayetteville (to which they are indebted in the sum of $30,000) and other creditors, the following named gentlemen recorded their assignments on Saturday night last, viz: J. D. Williams, president Bank of Fayetteville; E. J. Lilly, director in said bank; D. W. C. Benbow, Greensboro; J. T. Morehead Leaksville; Dr. W. A. Lash, president Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad; Capt. J. E. Gilmer, Winston; W. A. Moore & Bro., Mount Airy; Winston Fulton, of Mount Airy.

It will be observed that had the English syndicate complied with the terms of their agreement, the company would not have been forced into an assignment, but on the contrary, that they would have been enabled to pay off the entire indebtedness with a balance to their credit of several hundred thousand dollars, besides their individual assets.

It is not improbable that the confirmation of the sale will soon be made, and that those who have temporarily embarrassed their own interests without detriment to the business interests of this community, will soon realize the full fruition of their former hopes and expectations.

THE BANK OF FAYETTEVILLE.

The details of the local assignments as recorded here on Saturday last—which are of importance because two of the members of the North State Improvement Company, Messrs. John D. Williams and E. J. Lilly, are Directors of the Bank of Fayetteville—are as follows:

Mr. John D. Williams assigned to W. N. Williams, his son, with preferences as follows: First class—A. E. Elliott, $1,000; John Elliott, $900; Miss Sallie Purdie $2,000; Ed. Smith, $4,000; G. W. Williams, $25,000. Second class—G. D. Elliott, $2,000; Murchison & Co., $8,500; G. W. Williams, $29,000; J. M. Williams, $3,000; Bank of Fayetteville, $7,500. Third class—All paper in bank on which he is endorser, which includes $30,000 borrowed by the North State Improvement Company. Fourth class—All other debts.

Mr. E. J. Lilly assigned to Dr. H. W. Lilly, his brother. His preferences amount to $14,400, mostly local creditors, divided into six classes, all local except notes of the North State Improvement Company, which are the same as Mr. Williams'.

As a result of the absolute confidence of this community in Messrs. John D. Williams and E. J. Lilly, Directors of the Bank who were also Directors in the North State Improvement Company, and to the credit of our people, no run was made upon the Bank. One depositor who was about to draw his cheque for a considerable amount declined to do so when he heard the news, and another brought nearly a thousand dollars and deposited it. Numerous instances of like kind occurred. Subsequently the following formal assurance was issued by the prominent citizens whose names are subscribed:

WHEREAS, Recent events have caused some misapprehension on part of depositers in Bank of Fayetteville, and the Board of Directors have called us into examine the status of the bank;

"Now, having investigated the affairs of said bank, we unhesitatingly state that the creditors of the bank are amply secure. The depositors are secured by more than four to one of good assets.

No bank ever does, or is ever expected to, hold cash enough to pay all its deposits *at once*, but the affairs of this bank show that it is amply able to meet all its liabilities as they may be required in the ordinary course of business.

We earnestly call upon all to do everything to allay all apprehension in regard to said bank. This course is urged for the benefit of our whole community.

[Signed.] Respectfully,
A. H. SLOCOMB, N. W. RAY,
JAS. D. MCNEILL, W. S. COOK,
D. H. RAY, H. R. HORNE
J. A. BURNS.

MESSRS. JOHN D. WILLIAMS AND E. J. LILLY.

It is a matter of sincere grief to all our citizens that such honored members of the community as those whose names are just given, should ever have cause for even temporary embarrassment. John D. Williams has long been our foremost citizen as the late E. J. Lilly was before him, and the latter's sons, Mr. E. J. Lilly and Dr. H. W. Lilly, (Vice-President of the Bank) have years ago given evidence of the inheritance of the sterling qualities of their honored father. Both Mr. Williams and the Messrs. Lilly have been friends to the needy of this community, as well as benefactors of the town in a more public way. As we have suggested elsewhere nothing could more strongly testify to the hold which they have upon the confidence of the people than the action of the community towards the Bank in which they are so prominently interested; and nothing more so to the affectionate regard in which the venerable Mr. Williams and Mr. Lilly (the two concerned) are held by all classes, than the expressions of sympathy which have greeted them on every side.

The public will be glad to know that the embarrassment of these gentlemen is but temporary, as their assets considerably exceed their entire liabilities.

Dr. Hodges Honored.

The following flattering notice of our former townsman appears in the Richmond Dispatch:

The formal opening of the Virginia Hospital took place Monday afternoon. The large ampitheatre in which the exercises were held was packed to its utmost, and many could not get near enough to hear what was going on at all. The audience was mainly composed of ladies, clearly indicating the interest they have taken in this young, yet important institution. Among the gentlemen present were many of Richmond's most prominent business and professional men, several members of the legislature, and a large number of students of both medical colleges.

The exercises were presided over by Dr. Hunter McGuire, and were opened with an earnest and devout prayer by Rev. Dr. John B. Newton, rector of Monumental church.

A DELIGHTFUL ADDRESS.

The feature of the occasion was the splendid and appropriate address of Professor J. Allison Hodges, who fills the chair of anatomy in the College of Physicians and Surgeons. The speaker was presented by Dr. McGuire, and began by declaring to the students present that he did not purpose to go into a discussion of any sublime medical theory. He would simply speak of something about which he knew. The opening of this hospital, he went on to say, marked an auspicious day in the history of Richmond. The people of the South would not be long in realizing that it contained some of the special advantages that only belonged to the great institutions of its kind in the North. Professor Hodges spoke of the other hospitals and their good work, and added that with the two colleges for medical and surgical training, Richmond was bound to become the medical centre of the Southern States.

Professor Hodges dwelt at great length upon the development of medical science and research. The great strides achieved in this connection were very largely due to the medical schools and laboratories and hospitals of the world.

THE HIGH CALLING.

Speaking of the high calling of the physicians, Professor Hodges said that his first duty was to ward off and alleviate those very diseases that would destroy him. The best skilled and most successful physicians were among the truest, worthy and philanthropic citizens of all communities. They stood as faithful guards upon the threshold of the great hereafter, signal humanity of the coming. To adorn and glorify their profession and glorify their communities the good physician of the South needed just such an hospital as the one being dedicated. With an appreciative word for the generous cooperation that the ladies of Richmond had given, not only to the medical profession, but especially to the hospitals, thanking the women of Richmond specially for their magnificent work in connection with the Virginia hospital, the speaker closed.

A Hardened Sinner.

Ed. Murphy, colored, was convicted and sentenced yesterday to 8 years in the penitentiary, on four indictments for stealing in the neighborhood of [illegible]. He was proved to be a great criminal, much graver charges than the [illegible] having been preferred against him.

The County Exhibit—An Extraordinary Proceeding.

We would invite the attention of the County Attorney to the subjoined article which appeared in the OBSERVER of January 11th. We believe the law will be found to be correctly reprinted below. Attention was also called to this matter on December 14th, as stated in the later article, which is as follows:

For the past six weeks the State papers have been coming in bristling with the names and figures of the County Exhibits. Cumberland, alone, of all the counties in North Carolina, so far as our observation goes (and it has been pretty searching,) withholds from her citizens the Exhibit which the law expressly requires shall be laid before them in the convenient form of a printed publication. Is not this an astonishing state of affairs? If such a thing were to happen in England—a monarchy against which our forefathers poured out so much blood and treasure because it did not accord sufficient control of their affairs to THE PEOPLE—if such a thing were to happen in England under the British monarchy to-day, it would not be tolerated for a moment.

Surely our county commissioners must have been very badly advised from some quarter, for we are persuaded they would not knowingly violate the law. Yet the law is perfectly plain, and the object of the law equally so. The object, of course, is to enable the people to read at their firesides, and away from extraneous and disturbing influences, the *whole* story of their county finances. They do not want an abstract, which gives sums in lump. That is very convenient to have (if the county chooses to incur the expense of its publication) in addition to what the law requires. But the real thing the people want, and what THE LAW of the State to which we owe allegiance says they shall have, is an *itemised* account of receipts and *disbursements*, to the end that the voters and taxpayers may know precisely *where* every cent of their money goes—in other words, *who* of their fellow citizens are recipients of the county's patronage, and to what extent.

As our readers know, we called attention to this matter in the OBSERVER of December 14th, and quoted the law on the subject. It never for a moment occurred to us that there would be any hesitation to comply with the law after that publication. But, so far as the public is concerned, not the slightest attention has been paid to the matter since.

Here is what we said in the OBSERVER of December 14th:

We publish to-day an abstract of the County Exhibit. We understand that the Commissioners at their last meeting voted not to publish the full Exhibit. The County attorney will inform the Board that the law is mandatory, as follows:

Sec. 752. Publication to be made annually of county revenue and charges. R. C., c. 28, s. 14. 1786, c. 256 s. 4. 1868, c. 20, s. 13. 1873-'4, c. 143. 1886-'7, c. 264. 1881, c. 278.

The board shall cause to be posted at the court house within five days after each regular December meeting and for at least four successive weeks, the name of every individual whose account has been audited, the amount claimed and the amount allowed; and also at the same time a full statement of county revenue and charges, showing by items the income from every source and the disbursements on every account for the past year, together with the permanent debt of the county, if any, when contracted, and the interest paid or remaining unpaid thereon. The board shall also publish the said statement in some newspaper in the county, *Provided*, the cost of such publication shall not exceed one-half a cent a word.

Court Notes.

Cumberland County Superior Court convened in this city Monday for the trial of criminal cases only. Judge Bryan, of Newbern, who is a well known and always welcome visitor to Fayetteville, delivered a very clear, forcible and logical charge to the Grand Jury, during the deliverance of which he was listened to with great attention by both members of the Bar and laymen.

There are about twenty capital cases on the docket including two criminal cases.

The whole of Monday evening was taken up with the trial of Joe Monaghan (colored) charged with stealing freight from cars of the C. F. & Y. V. R'y. He was vigorously prosecuted and ably defended. He was acquitted.

Tuesday was mostly consumed in the trial of the negroes charged with breaking into Seasoms' store. They were also acquitted.

THE FULLER TRIAL.

Upon motion of the Solicitor, Tuesday morning, a special venire of two hundred jurors were drawn from the box in the case of the State against E. J. Fuller, the motion not being resisted by the defence.

The trial was set for to-day (Thursday) at 11 o'clock.

Mr. Fuller, who was in Court, was considerably changed by his confinement, his full beard which he has allowed to grow since he was arraigned in November is almost bleached, and he is greatly reduced in flesh. He was quite composed and seemed to take great interest in the conversation of his friends and counsel.

Dr. McDuffie whose absence it was thought might delay the trial, arrived in this city Tuesday evening, and the case will certainly commence this morning, the defence saying that they are perfectly ready.

The following lawyers for the defence are present: R. H. Battle, Esq., of Raleigh, Hon. Geo. M. Rose, Messrs. H. McD. Robinson and J. G. Shaw. U. S. Land Claims Judge, Hon. T. C. Fuller, a cousin of the prisoner, was also present.

Solicitor McNeill will be assisted in the prosecution by Col. Thos. Argo, of Raleigh. Judge Womack, of Pittsboro, and Mr. F. B. Jones, of Dunn.

The battle between these giants of the law is looked forward to with intense interest; and it is thought that the court house will not begin to hold those who wish to be present.

To-day will probably be consumed in selecting a jury. Up to going to press, two jurors from the regular panel had been drawn: N. A. Williams and J. Davis.

We will give a full account of the trial in our next issue.

A Distressing Affair.

The peaceful village of Wade was shocked Sunday morning by a most unfortunate homicide. It seems that Martin D. Denning, who was discharged from the insane asylum last Friday as not being dangerous, returned home, and on Sunday morning he become violently insane, attacking his two sons-in-law, Rolandus Gainey and J. L. Starling. He succeeded in throwing Gainey down, and it is claimed, was strangling him, when Starling rushed to his rescue with a gun and shot and instantly killed Denning. Starling surrendered himself immediately after the occurrence. Dr. Highsmith, the county Coroner, repaired to the scene, and immediately empaneled a jury, who after deliberating for some time, delivered a verdict of self-defence, whereupon Starling was released.

A Fatal Fight in Campbellton.

It has just come to the cognizance of the police that there was a fight in Campbellton on Monday night between Mr. John Burkett, commonly known as Bunn Burkett, and two negroes, which ended in the negroes fatally wounding Burkett with clubs. Mr. Burkett, we learn, died this morning. No particulars as to the cause of the fight can be obtained. Wm. Camp-Campbell and Wm. Smith, the two negroes concerned in the fight, was arrested yesterday, and are now in jail. Mr. Burkett was at one time an engineer on the C. F. & Y. V. railroad, but recently he has been working for the McKethan Buckett Factory.

A Colonial Relic.

The Sanford Express recently said:

There is a little blue flax wheel in the brick building that has an interesting history. It is now the property of Mrs. Sam Harper, of Fayetteville. This wheel spun some of the flax that made the clothes of some of Chatham's citizens who have long since passed over the river. It was a very valuable piece of property in *ante bellum* days when all clothing was made by hand. This venerable wheel has passed through several generations and was probably in use when Cornwallis met his fate on the battlefield in Guilford.

From The New York World.

Miss Ollie Torbett, a grand-daughter of Gen. Jas. P. Drake, of Mexican War fame, is one of the most fascinating and delightful of violinists, and for three seasons has been with the Kellogg Company and others. She is a very young and lovely girl and a thorough musician, her audience being at once captivated by her wonderful playing and childish, beautiful face. —(*Adv.*)

Fire.

Tuesday night about 12 o'clock the fire alarm was sounded and the usual racket ensued, tooting of whistles, whooping, and general discharge of fire arms. The scene of the conflagration was the house of a colored woman named Anna Williams, near the Half-way bridge. The cause of the fire was the explosion of a lamp. Two colored boys were sleeping in the house at the time and one of them had a narrow escape. He was sound asleep when some one went into the house and pulled him out, a few minutes more and the flames would have cut off his retreat.

From the New York Sun.

Miss Ollie Torbett's violin music touched the hearts of the listeners, and when she played with great expression a plantive air, the response of tears and sobs all over the house quite startled her.—*Adv.*

Return of Mr. Archie McDuffie.

Mr. Archie McDuffie accompanied by his father, Dr. W. C. McDuffie, and his brother, Capt. W. C. McDuffie, arrived home Tuesday evening from San Antonio, where he has been for the past four months for his health. The whole community will be delighted to learn that he bore the long journey, sixteen hundred miles, remarkably well. As we stated last week his health has not improved any, and his father thought it as well to have him at home. We hope with the splendid weather we are now having, he will rapidly recover.

John West Surrenders.

John West who it is supposed shot and killed Frank Newell, near Branson's Creek last Friday a week ago and escaped capture, was seen on Green street Monday morning by Capt. Flowers, who asked him what he was doing. West replied that he wished to see the sheriff, whereupon Capt. Flowers conducted him to sheriff Smith, to whom West said he wished to surrender himself and stand trial. He will hardly be tried at this term of the court on account of the numerous other criminal cases to be disposed of.

Monroe—Brown.

A late issue of the Asheville Citizen speaks thus of the recent marriage of Prof. Monroe, a nephew of Mrs. Minor of this city:

A quiet, pretty home wedding occurred this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock, when Miss M. Ella Brown of this city was married to Prof. J. R. Monroe of Brooklyn, N. Y. The marriage ceremony was solemnized at the residence of the bride's father, J. V. Brown, No. 65 Montford avenue, Rev. R. F. Campbell, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, officiating.

After the ceremony Prof. and Mrs. Monroe took the eastbound train for their home in Brooklyn.

For several years the bride has been a teacher in the Montford avenue graded school. She is a lady of many accomplishments and enjoys an enviable popularity in the circles where she is known. Prof. Monroe formerly held the position of principal of the Montford avenue school, but for the past two years has been assistant superintendent of one of Brooklyn's schools. The congratulations of the friends of the happy couple follow them to their home in the City of Churches.

From the Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Miss Ollie Torbett won the favor of the audience before she played, and held it more firmly after she produced those exquisite tones upon her violin. As an angel face, wrapped in a golden halo of tenderly entwinning curls, and bending over her favored instrument, this young girl presented a picture to move one to thoughts of living beauty in face and form, in full harmony with her own sweet music, so rich in melody, so rare in the mastery of technical difficulties.—*Adv.*

Mr. James Rose, of the firm of G. P. Rose & Co., of Nashville, Tenn., spent a few days in this city last week in the interest of the grain trade.

People and their Movements.

Mr. J. W. White, of Roseboro, is in the city.

Mr. Ed. MacRae, of Maxton, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. Frank Walton, always a pleasant visitor to Fayetteville, is in the city.

Mr. J. D. Williams, Jr., and wife are on a visit to relatives in Bladen county.

We are glad to see Capt. B. C. Gorham out after quite a severe attack of La Grippe.

Mrs. William Haigh has returned home after quite an extended visit to relatives in Raleigh.

Mr J. H. McEachern, a prominent farmer of Robeson, was in town Tuesday purchasing supplies for the farm.

The Reception at Mr. and Mrs. Bidgood's.

The reception held at Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Bidgood's elegant residence on Haymount last Thursday evening was most enjoyable. A number of Fayetteville's most beautiful young ladies assisted Mr and Mrs. Bidgood to receive and did the honors of the occasion in a very charming and graceful manner. Delicious refreshments were served during the evening by young girls most bewitchingly attired and everybody went home full of praise for their delightful entertainers.

The contributions for the new Presbyterian lecture room amounted to nearly $40.

A Dastardly Deed.

News has just reached here of a horrible crime committed by a colored boy at Red Springs early this morning. The wires between Red Springs and here are down, therefore, nothing definite can be learned, but it is reported that a party were preparing to lynch the villain who was captured soon after the deed.

Stricken with Paralysis.

Mr. Daniel A. Beard, of Flea Hill, one of Cumberland's most highly esteemed citizens and a prosperous farmer, was stricken with paralysis, we regret to learn, on last Monday afternoon. He was found unconscious in the woods whither he went to look after his stock.

Fire.

The fire yesterday afternoon about 3:30 p. m., proved to be at one of the small houses adjoining Mumford street owned by Mr. T. S. Lutterloh and occupied by colored people. The fire department succeeded in saving the adjacent houses by very efficient work.

Corbett and Mitchell Fight To-day.

A telegram received in this city last night states that Judge Call, of the Circuit Court of Florida, has granted an injunction restraining the authorities from interfering with the glove contest, and that the fight will take place in Jacksonville to-day.

Hood's is Good
it
Makes Pure Blood

Scrofula Thoroughly Eradicated.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"It is with pleasure that I give you the details of our little May's sickness and her return to health by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla. She was taken down with

Fever and a Bad Cough.

Following this a sore came on her right side between the two lower ribs. In a short time another broke on the left side. She would take spells of sore mouth and when we had succeeded in overcoming this she would suffer with attacks of high fever and expel bloody looking corruption. Her head was affected and matter oozed from her ears. After each attack she became worse and all treatment failed to give her relief until we began to use Hood's Sarsaparilla. After she had taken one-half bottle we could see that she was better. We continued until she had taken three bottles. Now she looks like

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

The Bloom of Health

and is fat as a pig. We feel grateful, and cannot say too much in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. A. M. ADAMS, Inman, Tennessee.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

Ollie Torbett Concert Co.

The people of Fayetteville will again have the privilege of hearing this most

EXCELLENT COMPANY

—ON—:

Monday Night, Jan'y 29th,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE F. I. L. I. CO. GUN FUND AT THE F. I. L. I. ARMORY.

Admission 35c.; Children 25c.; Reserved Seats 50c. at Pemberton's Book and Music House.

Miss JANIE EDWARDS

will be pleased to see any who desire to pursue Art Studies, at her Studio in Miss Kate Matthews' building near Military Institute, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, or at her home (Baptist parsonage.) Terms moderate. 1--25--94 tf

Polo on Skates.

Be sure to go to see the game of Polo played at F. I. L. I. Armory on February 6th. It will be the finest thing you have witnessed this season. Price of admission 25 cents.

PUPILS

in VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC, ART, LANGUAGES and ENGLISH. A limited number of BOARDERS desired. Terms moderate. For particulars apply to
MRS. FANNIE MORROW,
1--25--94 tf old Huske residence.

Executor's Notice.

The undersigned having qualified as executrix of Sidney J. Solms hereby notifies all persons indebted to his estate to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the estate to present them, duly verified, on or before the 25th day of January, 1895, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery. MARY J. SOLMS.
R. P. BUXTON, Att'y.
Jan'y 25, 1894.

H. E. SHEETZ. Established 1870. W. S. SHEETZ.

S. SHEETZ & SONS,
FURNITURE DEALERS,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Christmas! Christmas! Christmas!

Is at hand and all parties interested in the purchase of presents would do well to examine our stock before purchasing.

In addition to our already complete stock of PLUSH and WILLOW ROCKERS, CABINETS and LADIES' DESKS and many other things too numerous to mention, we have lately added a full line of PICTURES and EASELS which we are offering at prices to suit the times. There are also CENTER TABLES, HALL RACKS, LOUNGES and COUCHES, BABY CARRIAGES and BEDROOM SUITS IN OAK AND WALNUT, any of which will make an elegant Christmas gift. Don't fail to see our stock before you purchase.

NEW MATTINGS
—AND—
Other New Goods.

☞ Just received at ROSE & LEAK'S a new lot of BEAUTIFUL MATTINGS at most reasonable prices.

☞ Just received at ROSE & LEAK'S NEW AND STYLISH COLLARS AND CUFFS of the best makes; also "PEARL" and other brands of gentlemen's shirts.

☞ Just received at ROSE & LEAK'S a large assortment of CHILDREN'S, MISSES' AND BOY'S FINE SHOES of the best make. Rose & Leak's Shoe Department is very complete.

☞ NEW GOODS received at ROSE & LEAK'S two or three times each week.

ALL GOODS SOLD FOR CASH.
ONE PRICE TO ALL.
1-18-94 2t

Teacher Wanted.

One to teach in a private family, competent to Teach Music and all the English branches.
Address
H. T. MCKINNON,
1--18-94 1m St. Mary's, Georgia.

Two Countrymen Meet,

AND ONE SAYS TO THE OTHER, DO YOU WANT TO

BUY FURNITURE CHEAP

—IN—

Oak Walnut or Poplar SUITS,

Beds, Bureaus,
Washstands, Tables,
Chairs, Hall Racks,
Lounges, Baby Carriages,
Mattresses, Springs,
Safes,

OR ANYTHING IN THAT LINE?
If so go to the cheapest place in Fayetteville.

JNO. H. ROBINSON, JRS.,

AND YOU WILL GET SUITED IN GOODS AND PRICE.
1--18--93 tf

FOR 30 DAYS ONLY,
H. WHALEY

Will sell his entire stock of SADDLERY, HARNESS, BUGGY ROBES, BLANKETS, etc., etc., at greatly reduced prices for cash.

☞ BARGAINS WILL BE OFFERED.
1--18--94

THOMAS H. SUTTON,
(HOME AGAIN.)

Has resumed the practice of law in FAYETTEVILLE and adjoining counties; will be pleased to renew the acquaintance of former friends and clients, and grateful for the return of their confidence.

HE HAS ASSOCIATED WITH HIM
MR. JAMES H. JOHNSON,
—UNDER THE FIRM NAME OF—
SUTTON & JOHNSON,

who promise faithful and diligent attention to all business entrusted to them.

OFFICE—Room No. 8, 2nd floor Pythian Building, Fayetteville, N. C
THOMAS H. SUTTON
1--11--94 3t JAMES H. JOHNSON.

REMOVAL.

INCREASED
FACILITIES
NECESSITATED
by a rapidly growing business
nearly 2,000 more square feet of room at my

PRESENT STAND,
NORTH EAST CORNER MARKET SQUARE,

and four doors above my former place of business.

EVERYTHING IN
Fancy and Staple Groceries.
Fresh :-: Goods
CONSTANTLY RECEIVED.
AGENT FOR
Chase & Sanborn's Choice Roasted Coffees.
R. M. PRIOR.
1-4-94

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL
FOR GIRLS.
RALEIGH, N. C.

THE EASTER TERM OF THE FIFTY-Second School Year will begin

January 25th, 1894.

Special attention paid to Physical Culture and Hygiene. Address the Rector.
1-4-93 2m REV. B. SMEDES, A. M.

Peter Henderson & Co.'s GARDEN SEEDS.

TRUCKERS TESTIFIFY TO THEIR SUPERIORITY.

Over 30 Medals and Awards Received at the World's Fair—More than all Competitors Combined.

Not One Paper of their Last Year's Seeds on Hand.

Buyers are entitled to their magnificent "*Manual of Everything for the Garden*"—the handsomest work of its kind ever issued. The extraordinary demand for Henderson's seeds last season has caused me to order an unusual supply. Persons who have been ordering direct can save postage and trouble by getting from me.
H. R. HORNE,
1--11-93 Sole Agent.

House and Lot for Sale.

That desirable DWELLING located on the south side of Person street, adjoining Joseph Atkins on the west and the old D. J. Gould residence on the east, containing four rooms, kitchen and dining room. For particulars apply to
G. A. OVERBAUGH,
Fayetteville, N. C.,
or E. L. GOULD,
12---21---93 4t Swannsborough, N. C.

A Grocer with any "Sand"

Will not put it in his sugar, but rather into business principles. Pure sugar is a good thing to be able to sell, but much of it is adulterated in these days.

PURE SUGAR
You can buy at Raiford's.

Now, and through the Xmas holiday's Raiford will sell fresh home-made candy cooked at his bakery for 10c per lb.

10 cents per pound,
think of it!

Specialties: Fresh Sausage, and large Variety of Fruits.

10c. Juniper Buckets 10c.
Raiford's Bread and Cakes fresh and Wholesome.

LUXURIES: TOBACCO, CIGARS and SNUFF.
TEAS, SUGARS, COFFEES,
RICE, CANNED GOODS,
in fact everything kept by a first-class grocer.
W. F. RAIFORD,
12-7-93 At Dan McDonald's Old Stand.

W. H. NEWBERRY & SONS,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
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House Trimmings,
DRESSED AND ROUGH LUMBER.

Oak Mantles and Cabinets
COMPLETE OR SEPARATE.

We can not be undersold. Enquire before purchasing elsewhere.

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—AND—
HAY STREET.

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PRICES LOWER THAN EVER AND BEST WORK TO BE HAD ANYWHERE.
Very truly,
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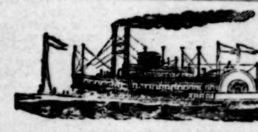

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CROATAN..................Saturday, Jan. 20
PAWNEE..................Saturday, Jan. 27

WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.
PAWNEE..................Saturday, Jan. 20
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WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C.
PAWNEE..................Tuesday, Jan. 16
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Or La Grippe, though occasionally epidemic, is always more or less prevalent. The best remedy for this complaint is **Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.**

"Last Spring, I was taken down with La Grippe. At times I was completely prostrated, and so difficult was my breathing that my breast seemed as if confined in an iron cage. I procured a bottle of **Ayer's** Cherry Pectoral, and no sooner had I began taking it than relief followed. I could not believe that the effect would be so rapid and the cure so complete. It is truly a wonderful medicine."—W. H. WILLIAMS, Crook City, S. D.

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Prompt to act, sure to cure

H. H. H.

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Everybody who buys (5) five dollars worth for cash, between now and then will be entitled to a present.

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Xmas Presents

CAN BE BOUGHT FROM

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.

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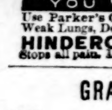

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1—25—94 4w

Mortgage Sale.

By virtue of a mortgage made June 15th, 1889, by Jno. C. Wade and wife Mary M., to H W. Howard and which has been duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland County in Book N, No. 4, page 135, I will expose for sale at public auction. One Hundred and Twenty-two Acres of Land on the east side of Cape Fear River in Black River Township adjoining the lands of R R. Robeson, Wade and others. For more particular description see mortgage deed.

Time of sale: Monday, Feb'y 5th, 1894, at 12 M.
Place of sale: Court House.
Terms of sale: Cash.

W. S COOK,
Ag't for Mortgagee.

Jan'y 4, 1894.

NOTICE.

As required by law, and in order to make settlement of the estate of D. G. McMillan with the Guardian of his minor heirs all accounts of McMillan Bros are closed as of this date. The indebtedness of all sorts, notes and accounts, due to "McMillan Bro.'s" up to January 1, 1894, must be settled, and notice is hereby given to all persons so indebted to call and make payment.

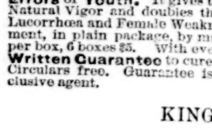
Statements up to January 1, 1894, will be rendered and we hope for a prompt response.

From and after this date the undersigned will continue the business under the same firm name of "McMILLAN BRO.'s," and hope to merit and receive the public patronage as heretofore.

R. McMILLAN.
T. H. McMILLAN.

Fayettevill, N. C., Jan'y 1; 1894.

MAGNETIC NERVINE.



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Is sold with written guarantee to cure **Nervous Prostration, Fits, Dizziness,** Headache and Neuralgia and Wakefulness, caused by excessive use of Opium, Tobacco and Alcohol; Mental Depression, **Softening of the Brain,** causing **Misery, Insanity and Death;** Barreness, Impotency, **Lost Power** in either sex, **Premature Old Age,** Involuntary Losses, caused by over-indulgence, over-exertion of the Brain and **Errors of Youth.** It gives to Weak Organs their Natural Vigor and doubles the joys of life; cures Lucorrhœa and Female Weakness. A month's treatment, in plain package, by mail, to any address, $1 per box, 6 boxes $5. With every $5 order we give a **Written Guarantee** to cure or refund the money. Circulars free. Guarantee issued only by our exclusive agent.

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"Tom" Johnson, of Ohio, on the Wilson Bi

Mr. Hopkins, of Illinois, completed on Wednesday the 10th, in the House, the speech against the Tariff bill, begun by him the day before, and was followed by "Tom" Johnson, of Ohio, the free-trader and single-taxer, who raised the flag of free trade and made a sharp attack upon the committee's bill, not radical enough to please him, and upon the Democratic party because it has not acted earlier. Mr. Johnson is a steel-rail manufacturer, but he declared in favor of free rails, and made an onslaught upon the steel-rail and other trusts. His thrusts at the Democrats were applauded warmly by the Republicans, and his attacks upon the trusts by the Democrats.

DALZELL INTERRUPTS.

While Mr. Johnson was denouncing the steel trust, Mr. Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, asked him if he was not a member of the steel-rail trust.

Mr. Johnson replied that he was not, but if he were it would not prevent him from advocating free steel rails. (Democratic applause.)

"Don't you manufacture steel rails under the protection of patents?" inquired Mr. Dalzell.

"I am glad the gentleman gives me the opportunity to answer that question," replied Mr. Johnson. "I had three patents. The courts took away two of them, and the other we don't use." (Loud laughter and applause.)

"Is not Arthur J. Moxam the President of your company, and does not he own 102 patents?" asked Mr. Dalzell.

"I think you underestimate the number of his patents," replied Mr. Johnson. "It is nearer 250 than 100. He has taken out many patents, but few of them are in use. None of them was taken out abroad, and they do not interfere with foreign competition, yet I am willing to put steel rails on the free list." (Democratic applause.)

A THRUST AT REPUBLICANS.

"Dont' you pay your men in scrip?" inquired Mr. Dalzell.

"No; I do not," replied Mr. Johnson, emphatically. "Let me explain. We pay our men 40 per cent. a day more than our neighbors do, not out of any philanthropic motives, but because we believe it pays. It gives us the pick of the men. At the Cambria Iron Works they pay day laborers 85 cents; we pay $1.50. (Democratic applause.) During these hard times of Republican misrule (applause), we found that our customers, the street railroad men, had no cash, but plenty of bonds. We agreed to take bonds in payment for our rails and asked our workmen whether they would prefer to suffer a reduction of their wages or take a third of their pay in cash and the rest in evidences of the indebtedness in which we took all our pay. Over $50,000 of those evidences of indebtness has been issued, and on the 1st inst. were redeemed at a premium. (Democratic applause.)

"Now I want to ask you a question," continued Mr. Johnson, turning to Mr. Dalzell. "Do you believe in the existence of a steel-rail pool?"

"I do not," replied Mr. Dalzell.

"Do you make a quibble on the word pool?"

ONLY A "COMBINATION."

"There was a combination (Democratic laughter and applause) to keep up prices, but it did not keep them up, and so it dissolved," answered Mr. Dalzell.

"You deny the present existence of a pool?" asked Mr. Johnson.

"Yes, sir."

"Well, here is the proof," said Mr. Johnson, flourishing aloft a document. "Here is the agreement in the Iron Age. A certain R. F. Kennedy contracted to receive 25,000 tons of rails at what I consider an exorbitant price, and to forfeit $1,000 a day if he did not take them. I looked into the matter to see who such a large buyer could be. I found he was a stockholder in the Cambria works, a rival concern, and now secretary of the new pool, formed last November. That pool agreed to give the manufacturers of Sparrow's Point, Md., $1,000 a day to close their works and discharge their men. That is the sort of trust the Wilson bill's 25 per cent. duty perpetuates. It gives a concern in Pennsylvania $80,000 a year to close down. The old pool of eight or nine companies agreed to maintain the price of rails at $29. One of the members secretly undersold the pool. Carnegie made war on him, beat the price down to $19, closed him up, and then formed another pool." (Applause.)

"I cannot controvert what the gentleman says," interposed Mr. Dalzell. "But if such a pool as he describes exists, I deprecate it as much as he."

A POINT OF DIFFERENCE.

"That is where I differ with the gentleman," retorted Mr. Johnson. "I believe in making all the money I can. I am a thorough-going monopolist and take advantage of all the bad laws you Republicans have made, but I don't believe in defending these laws here." (Loud and prolonged Democratic applause.)

Mr. Johnson then had a sharp tilt with Mr. Walker, of Massachusetts, over the cost of manufacturing steel rails, in the course of which he declared that Carnegie had the finest mill in the world. "And protection made it," interjected Mr. Walker.

"Oh, no," replied Mr. Johnson. "You don't believe a duty at the Custom House built it. Bill Jones built it." (Laughter.)

"You can say Bill Jones if you like (laughter) but protection made it possible," replied Mr. Walker.

"Bill Jones is no myth," answered Mr. Johnson. "Bill Jones stood with me during the Johnstown flood side by side while rich men were shirking—Bill Jones's brains and Carnegie's money—and the honors were easy." (Democratic applause.)

When Mr. Johnson finished Democrats cheered and crowded about to shake his hand and congratulate him.

A SHOT AT PATRONAGE CONGRESSMEN.

Mr. Johnson said that when the Democratic party went before the country in 1892 it charged that protection was robbery, that it created trusts, throttled industry and impoverished labor, and promised to abolish it if the people gave the party authority. "They did give us authority," said Mr. Johnson, "and then our haste to repeal oppressive taxes subsided, and instead of flying at the throat of protected barons and robber trusts, the great Democratic party began, as it were, to wag its tail and look for crumbs."

[But the Democratic Party will take care of its recreant representatives in Senate or House who bargain principle for office.]

On the Threshold.

Standing at womanhood's door is she,
Clad in her virginal purity,
A creature fair as the lilies be.
And, like the lilies, alas, how frail;
They are borne to earth when the storms prevail
And their life goes out in the summer gale.

When we see a frail and lovely creature, standing on the threshold between girlhood and womanhood, we shiver with a fear of what may be, because we have seen so many succumb at this critical period of life. What is needed at this time is a tonic and invigorant—something that will promote proper functional action of the female organs. The only remedy to be depended on is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This unequaled medicine, which cures diseases peculiar to women, is especially valuable at the period when the girl crosses the threshold of womanhood. Used at such a time, it never fails to produce a most beneficial result, and many a fragile girl has been tided over one of life's most trying periods by it.

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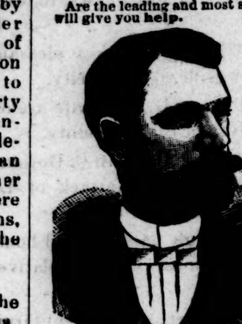
SPECIALISTS
(Regular Graduates.)

Are the leading and most successful specialists and will give you help.



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Remarkable results have followed our treatment Many **years** of varied and successful **experience** in the use of curative methods that we **alone** own and control for all disorders of **men** who have weak, undeveloped or diseased organs, or who are suffering from errors of youth and excess or who are nervous and **impotent,** the scorn of their fellows and the contempt of their friends and companions, leads us **to guarantee** to all patients, if they can possibly be **restored, our own exclusive treatment will afford a cure.**

WOMEN! Don't you want to get cured of that **weakness** with a treatment that you can use at home without instruments? Our wonderful treatment has **cured** others. Why not you? Try it.

CATARRH, and diseases of the Skin, Blood, Heart, Liver and Kidneys.

SYPHILIS—The most rapid, safe and effective remedy. A complete **Cure Guaranteed.**

SKIN DISEASES of all kinds **cured** where many others have failed.

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Beware of free and cheap treatments. We give the best and most scientific treatment at moderate prices—as low as can be done for safe and skillful treatment. **FREE consultation** at the office or by mail. Thorough examination and careful diagnosis. A home treatment can be given in a majority of cases. Send for Symptom Blank No. 1 for Men; No. 2 for Women; No. 3 for Skin Diseases. All correspondence answered promptly. Business strictly confidential. Entire treatment sent free from observation. Refer to our patients, banks and business men

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—AT—

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—THE—

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Castoria.

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Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

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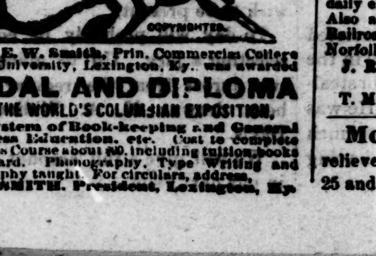

Prof. E. W. Smith, Prin. Commercial College of Ky. University, Lexington, Ky., was awarded

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CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect Dec. 3rd, 1893.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Wilmington,	7:00 a. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	10:10 "
Leave Fayetteville,	10:27 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	10:30 "
Leave Sanford,	11:48 "
Leave Climax,	1:43 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	2:15 "
Leave Greensboro,	2:55 "
Leave Stokesdale,	3:48 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	4:20 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	4:33 "
Leave Rural Hall,	5:01 "
Arrive Mt. Airy,	6:25 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Mt. Airy,	9:45 a. m.
Leave Rural Hall,	11:06 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	11:35 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	11:42 "
Leave Stokesdale,	12:06 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	12:52 "
Leave Greensboro,	12:59 "
Leave Climax,	1:27 "
Leave Sanford,	3:12 "
Arrive Fayetteville Junction,	4:25 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	4:30 "
Leave Fayetteville,	4:45 "
Arrive Wilmington,	7:55 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Bennettsville,	6:25 a. m.
Leave Maxton,	7:37 "
Leave Red Springs,	8:17 "
Leave Hope Mills,	9:12 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	9:35 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Fayetteville,	4:50 p. m.
Leave Hope Mills,	5:13 "
Leave Red Springs,	6:08 "
Leave Maxton,	6:47 "
Arrive Bennettsville,	8:00 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Ramseur,	6:50 a. m.
Leave Climax,	8:40 "
Arrive Greensboro,	9:25 "
Leave Greensboro,	9:40 "
Leave Stokesdale,	11:00 "
Arrive Madison	11:50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15, Mixed. Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Madison,	12:30 p. m.
Leave Stokesdale,	1:05 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2:35 "
Leave Greensboro,	3:00 "
Leave Climax,	3:55 "
Arrive Ramseur,	5:35 "

Trains No. 2 and 4 make close connection at Fayetteville Junction with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and Walnut Cove with the N. & W System for Winston Salem.

Train No. 16 connects at Madison with N. & W. for Roanoke and points West

Train No. 1 makes close connection at Fayetteville Junction with Atlantic Coast Line for Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, and all points South.

Junction points at Maxton with S. A. L., at Bennettsville with C. S. & N. R. R., at Sanford with S. A. L., at Greensboro with the Richmond and Danville system.

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General Passenger Agent.
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Wilmington & Weldon R. R.

AND BRANCHES
AND FLORENCE RAILROAD
Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Jan. 11, 1894.	No. 23 Daily.	No. 35 Daily.	No. 41 Daily.	*No. 501 N. Y. and Fla. Spec.
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Leave Weldon..	11 47	9 51		12 02
Ar. Rocky Mount	12 55	10 45		
Arrive Tarboro..	2 35			
Leave Tarboro..	12 07			
Lv Rocky Mount	12 55	10 45	6 00	
Leave Wilson...	1 55	11 25	6 35	1 57
Leave Selma....	2 45			
Lv. Fayetteville	4 25	1 15		4 00
Arrive Florence	7 05	3 27		6 15

	No. 47 Daily.			
	A. M.		A. M.	
Leave Wilson...	2 05		6 35	
Leave Goldsboro.	3 00		7 20	
Leave Magnolia.	4 13		8 29	
Ar. Wilmington.	5 50		10 00	
	P. M.		A. M.	

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

DATED Jan. 11, 1894.	No. 78 Daily.	No. 14 Daily.	No. 40 Daily.	‡No. 500 N. Y. and Fla Spec.
	A. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Leave Florence.	7 30	7 05		11 59
Lv. Fayetteville	10 27	9 20		2 23
Leave Selma....	12 10			
Arrive Wilson...	1 05	11 18		4 30

	No. 48 Daily.			
	A. M.		P. M.	
Lv. Wilmington.	9 00		7 00	
Leave Magnolia	10 40		8 37	
Leave Goldsboro	12 00		9 48	
Arrive Wilson..	12 45		10 35	

	No. 78 Daily.	No. 14 Daily.		
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Leave Wilson...	1 15	11 23	10 40	
Ar Rocky Mount	2 07	12 05	11 25	
Arrive Tarboro.	2 35			
Leave Tarboro..	12 54			
Lv Rocky Mount	2 07	12 05		
Arrive Weldon..	3 17	12 56		6 01
	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.

†Daily except Monday ‡Daily except Sunday.

*These trains carry only first-class passengers holding Pullman accommodations.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:40 P M, Halifax 4:00 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 4:55 P M. Greenville 6:37 P M., Kinston 7:35 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:20 A M, Greenville 8:22 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:00 A M, Weldon 11.20 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7:00 A. M., arrives Parmele 8:40 A. M., Tarboro 9:50; returning leaves Tarboro 4:40 P. M., Parmele 6:10 P. M., arrives Washington 7:35 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, via Albemarle & Raleigh R R Daily except Sunday, 5:00 P M, Sunday 3:00 P M; arrives Plymouth 9:20 P M, 5:20 P M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 5:30 A M, Sunday 9:30 A M, arrive Tarboro 10:25 A M, and 11:45 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 6:05 A M, arriving Smithfield 7:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 8:00 A. M; arrive Goldsboro 9:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:05 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8:00 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 9:15 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Trains on Latta Branch Florence R R leave Latta 6:30 P M; arrive Dunbar 7:40 P M. Returning leave Dunbar 6:30 A M; arrive Latta 8:00 A M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 4:10 P M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 7:20 A M., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Portsmouth and Bay Line. Also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina Railroad for Norfolk daily and all points north via Norfolk daily except Sunday.

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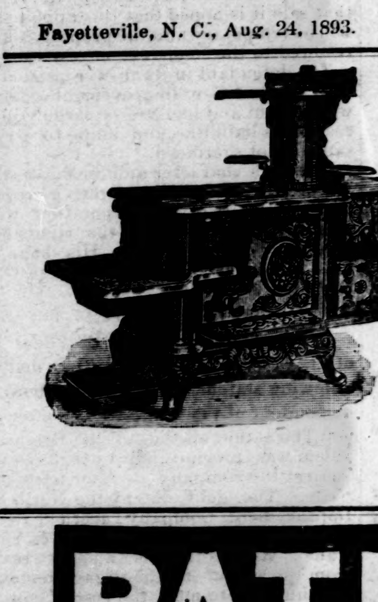

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